

# URGENT ACTION

## ARBITRARILY DETAINED AUTHOR MUST BE RELEASED

On May 20, 2024, Etienne Fakaba Sissoko, a Malian economist and university professor, was convicted on charges of defamation, damaging the state's reputation and distributing fake news. He was sentenced to two years in jail, with one year suspended, and a fine of XOF 3 million (approximately 4,500 Euros). A notable government critic, Etienne Fakaba Sissoko, was arrested on March 25, 2024 after the publication of a book in which he denounced alleged propaganda in the Malian government's public information campaign. His arbitrary detention is in violation of his right to freedom of expression. He must be immediately and unconditionally released.

### TAKE ACTION:

- Write a letter in your own words or using the sample below as a guide to one or both government officials listed. You can also email, fax, call or Tweet them.
- [Click here](#) to let us know the actions you took on **Urgent Action 49.24**. It's important to report because we share the total number with the officials we are trying to persuade and the people we are trying to help.

**Mr. Mahamadou Kassogué**  
**Minister of Justice and Human Rights**  
Cite administrative – batiment 12  
BP 97 Bamako, Mali  
Email: [mamoudoukassogue@gmail.com](mailto:mamoudoukassogue@gmail.com)

**Embassy for Mali in the United States**  
**Ambassador SEM Sékou Berthe**  
2130 R Street,  
NW, Washington DC 20008  
Email: [administration@maliembassy.us](mailto:administration@maliembassy.us)  
Salutation: Dear Ambassador SEM Sékou Berthe

Dear Minister, or Dear Ambassador,

I am concerned about the arbitrary detention and unlawful conviction of **Professor Étienne Fakaba Sissoko** to two years in jail, one of which was suspended.

On March 25, 2024, the Judicial Investigation Brigade arrested Étienne Fakaba Sissoko, a university professor, economist, activist, and author, at his home in Bamako. Two days later, he was charged with "harming the reputation of the state", "defamation", and "dissemination of false news disturbing the public peace". The charges are related to his book, "Propaganda, Agitation and Harassment – government communication during the transition in Mali", published in December 2023, in which he was critical of Mali's military authorities.

Amnesty International believes Etienne Sissoko was sentenced solely because of his activism and criticism, in violation of his rights to freedom of expression.

Therefore, I call upon you to ensure the Malian authorities immediately and unconditionally release Étienne Fakaba Sissoko and quash his conviction. Pending his release, I urge you to ensure that he has access to his lawyers and family.

Yours sincerely,

### **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

Over the past years, the shrinking of civic space in Mali has been characterized by violations of freedom of expression, including press freedom and the right to information, as well as freedom of association. Mali has been governed since 2021 by military officers who took control from the democratically elected government of President Keita in 2020 following protests, and then removed the civilian transitional authorities from power in May 2021, following disagreements.

Freedom of expression is threatened by Law N°2019-056 pertaining to punishment of cybercrime. Articles 20 and 21 of this law punish the authors of “threats” or “insults” (without the elements constituting these offenses being defined) to sentences going from 6 months to 10 years of imprisonment, and/or fines from one to XOF 10 million (1,654 to 16,543 USD). Opposition leaders, activists, and human rights defenders who publicly expressed their disagreement with the decisions taken by the transitional authorities have been arbitrarily arrested, detained, and prosecuted since 2022.

This is not the first time **Professor Etienne Fakaba Sissoko** has been targeted by the authorities. On January 16, 2022, he was arrested by the prosecutorial office of the District Court of Commune 4 of Bamako for comments tending toward “stigmatization or regionalist, ethnic or religious discrimination with the aim of pitting citizens against each other using ICTs,” after he spoke on TV about the impact of ECOWAS sanctions in Mali. He was provisionally released in June 2022 and forbidden from leaving the country.

On April 10, 2024, the Council of Ministers issued a decree suspending the activities of political parties and associations until further notice. A day later, Mali's high authority for communication issued a notice announcing a ban on reporting and broadcasting activities of political parties or association.

Since February 2024, at least three organizations have been dissolved including the Pupils and Students' Association of Mali.

**NAME AND PRONOUN:** Etienne Fakaba Sissoko (he/his)

**PREFERRED LANGUAGE TO ADDRESS TARGET:** French or your own language.

**PLEASE TAKE ACTION AS SOON AS POSSIBLE UNTIL:** July 26, 2024