URGENT ACTION

UYGHUR STUDENT CONVICTED FOR PROMOTING EXTREMISM

Kamile Wayit, a 19-year-old Uyghur female university student was sentenced on 25 March 2023 under the charge of "promoting extremism" after posting a video on WeChat about the November 2022 "A4 protests" in China. A spokesperson from China's Ministry of Foreign Affairs confirmed her conviction to the Economist magazine but did not confirm the length of the sentencing. According to a source close to Kamile, she had been suffering from depression and was scheduled to have an eye surgery in the summer of 2023. Kamile must be released immediately as she was only peacefully exercising her right to freedom of expression. Pending her release, the Chinese authorities must ensure that she has access to adequate medical care when needed, access to her family and a lawyer of her choice and she is not subjected to torture and other ill-treatment.

TAKE ACTION:

- 1. Write a letter in your own words or using the sample below as a guide to one or both government officials listed. You can also email, fax, call or Tweet them.
 - <u>Click here</u> to let us know the actions you took on **Urgent Action 33.23**. It's important to report because we share the total number with the officials we are trying to persuade and the people we are trying to help.

Party Secretary of Xinjiang Ma Xingrui

479 Zhongshan Lu, Tianshan Qu, Urumqi, 830041, Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region, People's Republic of China

Ambassador Qin Gang

Embassy of the People's Republic of China 3505 International Place NW Washington, DC 20008 Phone: 202 495 2266 / Fax: 202 495 2138 Email: chinaembpress_us@mfa.gov.cn Twitter: @ChineseEmbinUS ; @AmbQinGang Salutation: Dear Ambassador

Dear Secretary Ma,

I am writing to express concern about the situation of Uyghur student Kamile Wayit (卡米莱.瓦依提), who was sentenced under the charge of "promoting extremism" on 25 March 2023. A spokesperson from the Chinese Ministry of Foreign Affairs confirmed the news of her conviction to the Economist Magazine in early June 2023. It is unclear how long Kamile was sentenced for and where she is being held.

Kamile Wayit is a 19-year-old first-year student at the Shangqiu Institute of Technology (商丘工学院) located in Henan(河南). She was taken away on 12 December 2022 by the police after returning home to Atush, Xinjiang for a holiday. It is believed that her detention may be related to a video that she posted on WeChat in November 2022 about the protests that took place across China to commemorate the victims of a fire in Urumqi. Kamile should be released immediately as she was only peacefully exercising her rights to freedom of expression.

I am further concerned about Kamile's health condition. According to a source close to Kamile, she had been suffering from depression, and was scheduled to have an eye surgery in the summer of this year. With little information about her situation in general, I am deeply worried about her wellbeing and the risk of her being subjected to torture and other ill-treatment.

I therefore urge you to:

 \cdot Immediately release Kamile Wayit, unless there is sufficient, credible and admissible evidence that she has committed an internationally recognisable criminal offence;

· Pending her release, reveal her whereabouts, allow her regular access to her family and a lawyer of her choice;

 \cdot Pending her release, ensure that Kamile Wayit has access to adequate medical care, and she is not subjected to torture and other ill-treatment;

Best regards,





ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Kamile Wayit is a student at the Henan Shangqiu Institute of Technology (河南省商丘工学院), majoring in preschool education. She was born in Atush City (the capital of the Kyrgya autonomous prefecture of Kizilsu, Xinjiang) and completed her primary school there. At the age of 14, she had to live alone in Urumqi for two years between 2017 and 2019, because her father was held in a 're-education' camp during that period. Kamile's brother describes her as "very mature and thoughtful".

In early June 2023, the Spokesperson's office of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs responded to the question of The Economist Magazine that Kamile Wayit had already been sentenced under the charge of "promoting extremism" on 25 March 2023 and she is currently serving the term. The authorities did not mention where Kamile had been held at and there is no information regarding the length of her sentencing. The maximum jail term for 'promoting extremism' is five years.

Kamile's sentencing might be related to a video that she posted on WeChat in November 2022 about the protests that took place across China to commemorate the victims of a fire in Urumqi. Soon after, Kamile's father received a warning call from the police, and she deleted the post. During the same period, Kamile also reconnected with her brother who lives abroad and has spoken out on Uyghur issues. Her communication with her brother might have also played a role in her detention.

About the "A4 Protests" in China

On Thursday, 24 November, a fire broke out in an apartment building in Urumqi, killing at least 10 people, according to government sources. Many blamed Covid-19 restrictions for the deaths but local authorities have disputed this claim. This did not stop protests from breaking out in Urumqi, the capital of the western region of Xinjiang. The next morning, the government declared that the Covid-19 outbreak was under control and the city would ease lockdowns, following more than 100 days of severe restrictions on people's movement.

Starting on 25 November, videos shared on social media showed protests breaking out across universities and cities throughout China, including in Beijing, Guangdong, Shanghai and Wuhan. Peaceful protesters commemorated the victims of the Urumqi fire and called for the easing of lockdown measures. Many also demanded that censorship end and some called for President Xi to step down. Large numbers of people were detained for participating in peaceful protests against Covid-19 restrictions. It remains unclear how many remain in detention. Videos circulated online show police beating protesters during arrests.

About Xinjiang

Xinjiang is one of the most ethnically diverse regions in China. More than half of the region's population of 22 million people belong to mostly Turkic and predominantly Muslim ethnic groups, including Uyghurs (around 11.3 million), Kazakhs (around 1.6 million) and other populations whose languages, cultures and ways of life are different from those of the Han, who are the majority in "interior" China.

Since 2017, under the guise of a campaign against "terrorism" and "religious extremism", the government of China has carried out widespread and systematic human rights violations against Muslims living in Xinjiang. It is estimated that over a million people have been arbitrarily detained in internment camps throughout Xinjiang since 2017.

The Chinese government has gone to great lengths to cover up the human rights violations taking place in Xinjiang, and to prevent members of the Uyghur diaspora from speaking up about them. Amnesty International has <u>documented</u> numerous cases where Uyghurs, Kazakhs and other Turkic Muslim people in Xinjiang had been detained simply for living, travelling, or studying abroad or for communicating with people abroad. Many were detained simply for being "connected" with people who lived, travelled, studied, or communicated with people abroad.

In August 2022, the Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights released a long-awaited report reinforcing previous findings by Amnesty International and others. These findings reveal the extent of arbitrary and discriminatory detention of Uyghurs, Kazakhs and other predominantly Muslims in Xinjiang, which may constitute international crimes, in particular crimes against humanity. It also documented allegations of torture or other ill-treatment, incidents of sexual and gender- based violence, forced labour and enforced disappearances, among other grave human rights violations.

PREFERRED LANGUAGE TO ADDRESS TARGET: English or Chinese

You can also write in your own language.

PLEASE TAKE ACTION AS SOON AS POSSIBLE UNTIL: August 29 2023

Please check with the Amnesty office in your country if you wish to send appeals after the deadline.

NAME AND PRONOUN: Kamile Wayit (she/her)

LINK TO PREVIOUS UA: https://www.amnesty.org/en/wp- content/uploads/2023/04/ASA1766382023ENGLISH.pdf