

# URGENT ACTION

## CRIMEAN HUMAN RIGHTS LAWYERS DISBARRED

On July 15, 2022, lawyers Lilya Gemedzhi, Rustem Kyamilev and Nazim Sheikhmambetov were disbarred in retaliation for their human rights work, defending Crimean Tatar activists against politically motivated charges in Russian-occupied Crimea. Unless this decision is reversed, they will not be able to represent clients in criminal proceedings and in court, nor take new qualification exams for a year. This sends a warning to other lawyers in Crimea, at the time when politically motivated reprisals against activists are on the rise.

### TAKE ACTION:

1. Write a letter in your own words or using the sample below as a guide to one or both government officials listed. You can also email, fax, call or Tweet them.
2. [Click here](#) to let us know the actions you took on **Urgent Action 75.22**. It's important to report because we share the total number with the officials we are trying to persuade and the people we are trying to help.

#### Yuriy S. Pilipenko

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#### Ambassador Anatoly Antonov

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Dear Mr. President,

I am writing to express my dismay at the recent disbarment of lawyers **Lilya Gemedzhi, Rustem Kyamilev and Nazim Sheikhmambetov**, solely for carrying out their professional duties in defence of human rights in Crimea, and to urge you and the professional lawyers' community to step up your solidarity and defence efforts and take steps to immediately reinstate their status of 'advokat' (lawyer).

The three lawyers were members of the Bar Association "Nizam" (Chechen Republic), which on July 15, 2022, disbarred them in response to a complaint made against them by the Ministry of Justice Directorate in Chechnya. As a member of the professional legal community, you will, no doubt, share my concern over the fact that their disbarment was prompted by a complaint from a state body; this infringes the fundamental principle of independence of the legal profession. According to the lawyers, they had no prior notice about the complaint and disciplinary hearing against them. While the Ministry of Justice Directorate alleged professional infringements by them, there is little doubt that this is retaliation for their human rights work in Crimea, where they represented clients in politically motivated cases. The lawyers plan to appeal the decision, both via the courts and the Federal Bar Association. Unless the decision is immediately reversed, they will not be able to represent clients in criminal proceedings and in court, nor take new qualification exams for a year.

As you will probably be aware, members of the legal community in Crimea have faced growing reprisals in recent years and months, thus, the disbarment of the three lawyers sends yet another chilling warning. Representatives of the legal community have been subjected to searches and arbitrary arrests by members of law enforcement agencies, and some have received excessive fines or so-called administrative detention for "offences" that consisted in exercising their human rights to freedom of expression and/or peaceful assembly.

By means of my letter to you, I am addressing members of the legal profession in your country, and specifically the Russian Federal Bar Association, with a call to show solidarity of the professional community and take steps to protect its members who are carrying out their professional duties in line with international standards on the role of lawyers. I specifically urge the Russian Federal Bar Association to exercise its authority and discretion under Article 37.2 of the Federal Law "On Legal Work and Legal Profession" (63-FZ of May 31, 2002) to reverse the decision to disbar and to reinstate the 'advokat' status of Lilya Gemedzhi, Rustem Kyamilev and Nazim Sheikhmambetov.

Sincerely,

**AMNESTY**  
**INTERNATIONAL**



## ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The human rights situation has been deteriorating in Crimea ever since its occupation and unlawful annexation by Russia in 2014. Noticeable further worsening occurred since the beginning of the full-scale Russian invasion of Ukraine on February 24, 2022. This has included severe reprisals against those who have attempted to exercise the rights to freedom of expression, peaceful assembly, and association, including civic activists, independent journalists, individuals with pro-Ukrainian views and members of faith-based groups, amongst others. Prominent members and activists of the Crimean Tatar community, which the *de facto* authorities have always regarded as disloyal to Russia as the occupying power, have borne the brunt of ongoing reprisals.

The Mejlis of the Crimean Tatar People, a self-governing organization that had played a leading role in promoting Crimean Tatar culture, identity, and traditions, was arbitrarily banned under Russian anti-extremist legislation in 2016. Its leaders and activists have either been exiled or prosecuted and imprisoned. Also facing the same persecution are activists from grassroots movements that emerged subsequently to protect members of the Crimean Tatar community against further reprisals. Many of these have been arrested under unfounded terrorism-related charges and imprisoned in Russia following unfair trials by military courts.

Earlier this month, Russian law enforcement agencies detained six Crimean Tatar men on allegations of membership of Hizb-ut Tahrir, a religious movement banned in Russia (but not in Ukraine) as “terrorist”, following at least 82 such arrests in previous years that resulted in convictions of between 10 and 20 years.

To represent victims of politically motivated prosecution in Crimea, local lawyers have had to demonstrate particular courage despite facing constant reprisals themselves, including unlawful searches, arbitrary arrests, hefty fines and [jail in the form of “administrative detention”](#) and constant threat of disbarment.

Following the occupation and illegal annexation of Crimea, Russia imported wholesale its laws into the peninsula, which is in itself a violation of international humanitarian law governing occupation. As a result, local lawyers were no longer formally recognized as members of the legal profession and had to seek membership of bar associations in Russia in order to enable them to represent clients in criminal proceedings and in courts in Crimea. A bar association was also instituted in Crimea, under Russian law. However, several human rights lawyers have been prevented from becoming its members. Both Rustem Kyamilev and Lilya Gemedzhi have requested that their membership be transferred to the Crimean Bar Association, but the latter has repeatedly failed to consider their request on flimsy grounds, such as restrictions imposed in connection with the Covid-19 pandemic (in Russia and occupied Crimea, such restrictions and related penalties [were often applied selectively, to restrict government critics and opponents](#)).

**PREFERRED LANGUAGE TO ADDRESS TARGET:** Russian or English.

You can also write in your own language.

**PLEASE TAKE ACTION AS SOON AS POSSIBLE UNTIL: October 17, 2022**

Please check with the Amnesty office in your country if you wish to send appeals after the deadline.

**NAME AND PRONOUN: Lilya Gemedzhi (she/her), Rustem Kyamilev (he/his), Nazim Sheikhmambetov (he/his)**