URGENT ACTION

**EXECUTION LOOMS FOR YOUTH ARRESTED AT 17**

**Iranian young man Arman Abdolali is facing imminent execution for a crime that took place when he was 17 years old. After global outcries, Iranian authorities postponed his execution three times in October 2021. He learned on October 20, 2021, his execution is to be carried out within a week. Hossein Shahbazi, another young man convicted and sentenced to death for a crime that took place when he was aged 17, also remains at risk of imminent execution after his scheduled July 25, 2021, execution was postponed following international actions. Their trials were marred by serious violations, including the use of torture-tainted “confessions”.**

**TAKE ACTION:**

1. Write a letter in your own words or using the sample below as a guide to one or both government officials listed. You can also email, fax, call or Tweet them.
2. [Click here](https://www.amnestyusa.org/report-urgent-actions/) to let us know the actions you took on ***Urgent Action 83.21***. It’s important to report because we share the total number with the officials we are trying to persuade and the people we are trying to help.

**Head of judiciary, Gholamhossein Mohseni Ejei**

c/o Embassy of Iran to the European Union

Avenue Franklin Roosevelt No. 15, 1050 Bruxelles, Belgium

**H.E. Majid Takht Ravanchi**  
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Dear Mr Gholamhossein Mohseni Ejei,

Arman Abdolali, now aged 25, is facing imminent execution in Raja’i Shahr prison in Karaj, Alborz province, for a crime that took place when he was 17 years old. On October 17, 2021, he was transferred to solitary confinement in preparation for his execution on October 20, 2021. Following a global outcry, on October 19, 2021 Iranian authorities postponed Arman Abdolali’s execution and transferred him back to the general ward. He has since learned that his execution would be carried out within one week, which would be about October 27, 2021. His most recent request for retrial to the Supreme Court, filed October 17, 2021, remains pending. Arman Abdolali was previously scheduled for execution on October 13 and October 16, 2021, as well as in July 2021 and January 2020, in violation of Iran’s obligations under international law not to use the death penalty against people who were under 18 at the time of the crime. Arman Abdolali was first convicted of murder and sentenced to death in December 2015 following a grossly unfair trial, in which the court relied on torture-tainted “confessions”. The court also stated that the circumstances of the crime indicated that he had attained “maturity” and, therefore, merited the death penalty as per Article 91 of the Islamic Penal Code. The Supreme Court upheld the conviction and sentence in July 2016. The trial and appeal verdicts noted Arman Abdolali’s claims that he was held in solitary confinement for 76 days, repeatedly beaten to “confess” and denied his inhaler but failed to order an investigation. In February 2020, the Supreme Court granted Arman Abdolali a retrial mostly based on possible doubts over his “maturity”, and in September 2020 Criminal Court One of Tehran Province sentenced him to death again despite acknowledging that it was impossible to assess his “maturity” seven years after the crime.

Hossein Shahbazi, aged 20, is also at risk of imminent execution in Adelabad prison in Shiraz, Fars province, after being sentenced to death in a grossly unfair trial for a crime committed when he was 17 years old. His execution was scheduled for July 25, 2021 and postponed following an international outcry. Hossein Shahbazi’s request for retrial, filed June 20, 2021, remains pending before the Supreme Court.

I ask you to immediately halt the execution of Arman Abdolali and Hossein Shahbazi. I call on you to quash both their convictions and sentences and grant them fair retrials in full compliance with international law and the principles of child justice, excluding coerced “confessions” and without resorting to the death penalty. I also urge you to take immediate steps to completely abolish the use of the death penalty against child offenders, in line with Iran’s obligations under international law including the Convention on the Rights of the Child.

Sincerely,

**Additional information**

Arman Abdolali was first sentenced to death in late December 2015 after Branch 4 of the Provincial Criminal Court of Tehran convicted him of murder in connection with the disappearance of his girlfriend in 2014. In its verdict, the court stated that the way the murder was committed without leaving any trace indicated that Arman Abdolali had attained “maturity” and understood the nature and consequences of the crime. The court also relied on the opinion of a Children and Adolescent Court Advisor who had said Arman Abdolali understood the “abhorrent” nature of the crime committed. As such, the court concluded that he merited the death penalty. On July 20, 2016, Branch 29 of Iran’s Supreme Court upheld the conviction and sentence. Arman Abdolali was subsequently scheduled for execution on January 1, 2020, but following an international outcry his execution was halted. On February 8, 2020, Branch 15 of the Supreme Court granted Arman Abdolali’s request for a retrial after the Children and Adolescent Court Advisor from the original trial withdrew her opinion and noted in writing her regret that she had issued it without having had any meetings with Arman Abdolali and without having studied his criminal casefile or obtained any information about his character. Arman Abdolali’s case was then referred for retrial to Branch 5 of Criminal Court One of Tehran Province, which largely focused on whether there were any doubts about his “maturity” at the time of the crime to warrant replacing his death sentence with an alternative sentence. On September 22, 2020, that court ruled that it was not possible to determine Arman Abdolali’s “maturity” years after the crime took place, and in the absence of any evidence to the contrary, “the prima facie presumption of full criminal responsibility” stands. In February 2021, the Supreme Court upheld this sentence. The courts rulings highlight the flawed nature of Iran’s child justice system, which considers that in cases of murder and certain other capital crimes, boys aged above 15 lunar years and girls aged above nine lunar years are as culpable as adults and, therefore, merit the death penalty. While Article 91 of the Islamic Penal Code grants judges discretion to replace the death penalty with an alternative sentence if they find that there are doubts about the individual’s full “maturity” at the time of the crime, in practice, there is no clarity over the evidence and the standards of proof needed to demonstrate “full maturity”. Amnesty International has repeatedly called on the Iranian authorities, including parliamentarians, to amend Article 91 of the Islamic Penal Code to completely abolish the use of the death penalty for crimes committed by people below the age of 18 in all circumstances and without any discretion for judges, in line with international law.

Hossein Shahbazi was arrested on December 30, 2018, and denied access to a lawyer and his family for 11 days while undergoing interrogations at a detention facility run by the Investigation Unit of Iran's police (*Agahi*) in Shiraz. He was then transferred to a child detention facility but still denied access to his family for several days, after which his mother was allowed to visit him. The conviction and sentencing of Hossein Shahbazi to death on the basis of an opinion from the Legal Medicine Organization of Iran (LMOI) confirming his “maturity” at the time of the crime again highlights the complicity of doctors affiliated with the LMOI in the ongoing assault on children’s right to life in Iran. Amnesty International has previously [called](https://www.amnesty.org/en/documents/mde13/8696/2018/en/) on the LMOI to refrain from participating in processes that inherently violate the human rights of children and facilitates their execution, and to adopt a position that all children under the age of 18 must be treated as less mature and culpable than adults, in accordance with established international rules and principles of child justice. Medical professionals have a clear duty to avoid any involvement in torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading punishment including the death penalty.

The absolute prohibition on the use of the death penalty against persons who were under the age of 18 at the time of the crime is provided in the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights and the Convention on the Rights of the Child, both of which Iran has ratified. It is also recognized as a peremptory norm of customary international law, which means it is accepted and recognized by the international community of states as a norm which is binding on all states and from which no derogation is permitted.

In August 2021, the Iranian authorities executed in secret Sajad Sanjari, a young man who was 15 at the time of the offence. See <https://www.amnesty.org/en/latest/news/2021/08/iran-secret-execution-of-young-man-arrested-at-15-a-cruel-assault-on-child-rights/> for more information. At least 80 people similarly convicted of crimes committed when they were children remain on death row in Iran. Amnesty International recorded the execution of at least three people who were under the age of 18 at the time of the crime in 2020. During that year, Iran carried out at least 246 executions. Amnesty International opposes the death penalty in all cases without exception, regardless of the nature or the circumstances of the crime; guilt, innocence or other characteristics of the individual; or the method used by the state to carry out the execution.

**PREFERRED LANGUAGE TO ADDRESS TARGET:** Persian, English

You can also write in your own language.

**PLEASE TAKE ACTION AS SOON AS POSSIBLE UNTIL:** December 16, 2021

Please check with the Amnesty office in your country if you wish to send appeals after the deadline.

**NAME AND PRONOUN: Arman Abdolali** (he/him) & **Hossein Shahbazi** (he/him)

**LINK TO PREVIOUS UA:** <https://www.amnesty.org/en/documents/mde13/4483/2021/en/>