URGENT ACTION

**RELEASE ALL PEACEFUL PROTESTORS**

**On July 11, 2021, protests took place across Cuba over the economy, lack of medicines, and long-term restrictions on freedom of expression. Potentially hundreds of protestors are in prison and many are being charged with “public disorder” or other crimes long used to silence alternative views in the country. We demand all those who peacefully protested to be released immediately and unconditionally.**

**TAKE ACTION:**

1. Write a letter in your own words or using the sample below as a guide to one or both government officials listed. You can also email, fax, call or Tweet them.
2. [Click here](https://www.amnestyusa.org/report-urgent-actions/) to let us know the actions you took on ***Urgent Action 88.21***. It’s important to report because we share the total number with the officials we are trying to persuade and the people we are trying to help.

**Miguel Díaz Canel  
President of the Republic of Cuba**  
Hidalgo, Esquina 6. Plaza de la Revolución  
La Habana, CP 10400, Cuba  
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**Ambassador Lianys Torres Rivera**  
Embassy of Cuba  
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Facebook: [@EmbaCubaUS](https://www.facebook.com/EmbaCubaUS/)  
Salutation: Dear Ambassador

Dear President Díaz-Canel,

I write to you to condemn the detention of potentially hundreds of people following the protests of July 11, 2021.

According to international human rights law, the right to freedom of expression and assembly can only be restricted in very limited circumstances. It is incompatible with international law to harass, intimidate, stigmatize, arrest, detain, trial, or imprison a person solely on the grounds of an opinion they hold.

I demand the immediate and unconditional release of all those who were detained and are being held for their peaceful participation in the protests on July 11, 2021. Furthermore, I call on you to immediately inform families of the whereabouts of detainees, and to grant those detained communication with the outside world, as required by international law, including the International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance.

Sincerely,

**Additional information**

On July 11, 2021 people took to the streets across Cuba to peacefully protest over the economy, shortages of medicines, the response to COVID-19, and historically harsh restrictions on freedom of expression and assembly.

As of July 21, 2021 potentially hundreds of people are still being detained following the protests, according to evolving lists being compiled by NGO Cubalex and Prisoners Defenders. On July 16, 2021 the UN High Commissioner on Human Rights [called on Cuba](https://acnudh.org/mundo-cuba-bachelet-insta-al-dialogo-y-pide-la-liberacion-de-los-manifestantes-detenidos/) to release those detained for peacefully exercising their right to protest. Michelle Bachelet expressed concern over the large number of people detained and called on the authorities to release those detained for peacefully exercising their right to protest.

Since July 16, 2021 Amnesty International has spoken to multiple relatives of families detained in the context of the protests. They told the organization that the authorities had not informed them of the whereabouts of their relatives. In one case, the family had not been informed of the relative’s whereabouts for 96 hours. In another case, a family member indicated they had not been able to locate their relative for 6 days. In none of the cases had the relatives received a phone call from detainees.

On July 14, 2021 representatives from the Prosecutor General’s Office and the Ministry of Interior said on [state television](https://www.facebook.com/HacemosCuba/videos/979694139516773/) that they were investigating individual responsibility for the organization of the protests and the “crimes” committed during the protests. That same day, the Committee to Protect Journalists [called on](https://cpj.org/2021/07/journalists-detained-and-harassed-internet-disrupted-amid-cuban-protests/) authorities to immediately and unconditionally release all journalists detained during the protests. It said authorities had “intermittently blocked dozens of reporters from leaving their homes” and called on the government to allow the press to cover the protests freely and to stop disrupting internet in the country.

On July 20, 2021 on Canal Caribe, a state-controlled station, representatives of the Prosecutor General’s Office and the Ministry of Interior [denied](https://www.facebook.com/HacemosCuba/videos/917771592169337/) that families were being refused information about those detained on July 11, 2021. However, no representatives of families or other alternative voice was present during the program. Granma, Cuba’s state newspaper, also [tweeted](https://twitter.com/Granma_English/status/1417906226759880704) that there were no missing persons, and classified Sunday’s protests as “riots.”

The rights of detainees to communicate with the outside world and to receive visits are fundamental safeguards against human rights violations, including torture or other ill-treatment and enforced disappearance. Furthermore, Cuba is a party to the International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance. According to the Convention, a refusal to acknowledge the deprivation of liberty or to disclose the fate or whereabouts of a person following their detention, can amount to an enforced disappearance, a crime under international law.

The Cuban authorities have long used an array of provisions of the Penal Code to stifle dissent and punish those critical of the government. Commonly used provisions include contempt of a public official (*desacato*), resistance to public officials carrying out their duties (*resistencia*) and public disorder (*desórdenes públicos*).

Network data from [Netblocks](https://netblocks.org/reports/social-media-restricted-in-cuba-amid-widening-anti-government-protests-QAdrmwyl) has reported that several social media and communications platforms, including Whatsapp, Facebook, and Instagram were disrupted in Cuba from July 12, 2021 making communication within and with the country difficult.

**PREFERRED LANGUAGE TO ADDRESS TARGET:** Spanish.

You can also write on your own language.

**PLEASE TAKE ACTION AS SOON AS POSSIBLE UNTIL:** September 16, 2021

Please check with the Amnesty office in your country if you wish to send appeals after the deadline.

**NAME AND PREFFERED PRONOUN: Peaceful protestors in Cuba** (they, them)

**LINK TO PREVIOUS UA:** n/a