# **URGENT ACTION**

## ENVIRONMENTALISTS AT RISK OF IMPRISONMENT

Syamsul Bahri and Samsir, father and son from a farmer community in North Sumatra province, are convicted of assault following weeks of trial over a spurious charge that is believed to be fabricated and linked to their work as environmental activists. While they have been sentenced to two months in jail, they will not be imprisoned unless they commit criminal offense within 4 months' probation. However, they are now at risk of imprisonment since the Langkat Regency Prosecutor's Office has appealed the court's ruling.

#### **TAKE ACTION:**

- 1. Write a letter in your own words or using the sample below as a guide to one or both government officials listed. You can also email, fax, call or Tweet them.
- 2. <u>Click here</u> to let us know the actions you took on *Urgent Action 23.21*. It's important to report because we share the total number with the officials we are trying to persuade and the people we are trying to help.

#### Muttagin Harahap, S.H., M.H.

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#### Chargés d'Affaires Iwan Freddy Hari Susanto

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Phone: 202 775 5200
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Salutation: Dear Mr.

#### Dear Prosecutor,

I am gravely concerned about the Langkat Regency Prosecutor's Office's decision to appeal the court verdict of **Syamsul Bahri** and **Samsir**, members of Nipah Farmer community in North Sumatra. According to information obtained by Amnesty International, no reliable evidence was presented during the trial that clearly demonstrates their involvement in any criminal activity. Convicted on what is feared to be spurious charges, it is believed that the men have been targeted for their work as environmental human rights defenders.

As individuals who peacefully conserve the environment and defend their access to land, Syamsul Bahri and Samsir should be protected as in accordance with Article 66 of Law No. 32/2009 on the Environmental Protection and Management, which stipulates that "every person who defends the right to a good and healthy environment shall not be prosecuted by criminal or civil offence." Their criminalization does not only violate their rights, but also put the work and the rights of all human rights defenders at further risk in Indonesia.

I believe that Syamsul Bahri and Samsir should not have been convicted in the first place. Therefore, while the verdict exempted them from being sent to jail, I find the prosecutors' appeal decision further troubling as I am afraid they might be wrongfully imprisoned. Furthermore, the spread of COVID-19 in prison would put their health at risk, specifically Syamsul Bahri who also suffers from diabetes and cholesterol that requires regular medication.

I, therefore, urge you to immediately ensure that the appeal is dropped. I also call upon authorities to ensure that all human rights defenders in the country can carry out their peaceful activities without fear of fear of harassment, intimidation, persecutions, arbitrary detention or imprisonment, in line with Article 66 of Law No. 32/2009.

Sincerely,





### **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

Syamsul Bahri and Samsir were detained on February 10, 2021 and spent 14 days in prison until they were released on bail by the police on February 24, 2021. The Stabat District Court in North Sumatra started the trial on March 29, 2021 and handed down the ruling on May 31, 2021 declaring Syamsul Bahri and Samsir guilty of assault. The two were given two months prison sentence with four months' probation that exempted them from being jailed. The sentence is lighter than the prosecutors' initial demand of six months imprisonment. Their family and lawyers initially accepted the ruling but decided to file a counter-appeal after the prosecutors appealed the verdict.

Date: June 28, 2021

In late 2017, the government granted the Nipah Farmer community the right to manage a 242-hectare land in Kwala Serapuh Village, North Sumatra province, for sustainable use under a social forestry permit. The community has since then been working to rehabilitate mangrove forests in this area. The community is protesting the operation of a palm oil company that owns a plantation on land the community claims the right to manage.

The accusation filed against Syamsul Bahri and Samsir dates to a case in December 2020 while members of the Nipah Farmer community were working on an environmental rehabilitation project on the land they manage under the social forestry scheme. According to witness testimonies collected by local NGOs, including WALHI North Sumatra, LBH Medan, and Srikandi Lestari, two people arrived at the site on December 18, 2020 and took pictures of their activities.

Syamsul Bahri, the community's chairman, questioned the two individuals on their intention of visiting the area. Afterwards, one of the individuals walked away and called his friend saying that he was "being beaten up" in a loud voice so that others could hear, before jumping into the river. The Nipah Famer community quickly rescued him with a boat and took him to safety before asking him to clarify the statement he had previously made in the call. The individual then said that he was not being beaten up by any of the community members and his statement was recorded in a video by a member of the community. The man's friend came to pick him up not long after.

On February 8, 2021, Syamsul Bahri and Samsir received a letter of summons by the Tanjung Pura Police to appear for questioning on February 10, 2021 as suspects regarding allegations brought by one of the men who had filed a report to the police stating that Syamsul and other farmers assaulted him on December 18, 2020. The two were charged under Article 170 (1) of the Criminal Code on group violence. The legal process raised questions since Syamsul and Samsir had never been questioned as witnesses or asked to comment on the report before.

NGOs who advocate for the case believe the allegations to be based on false accusations against Syamsul Bahri and Samsir and to be a form of criminalization aimed to stifle the community's work in conserving the mangrove forests and claiming their rights linked to access to land. According to their lawyers, there were no reliable evidence presented during the trial that clearly demonstrates their involvement in any criminal activity, in this case the assault allegations, which witnesses had been fabricated by the man who reported them.

Environmental human rights defenders in Indonesia are increasingly harassed and criminalized when state and economic actors perceive their activities as a hindrance to the implementation of development policies. One of the most notable cases of criminalization occurred in 2017 with the sentencing of environmental activist Heri Budiawan, also known as Budi Pego, to four years in prison for spreading communism in relation to his work to protest gold mining activities in Tumpang Pitu, Banyuwangi, East Java province.

From January to June 2021, Amnesty International recorded the arrest, attack and intimidation of at least 107 human rights defenders in Indonesia, including environmental activists who defended their rights to access to land and a healthy environment.

PREFERRED LANGUAGE TO ADDRESS TARGET: [Bahasa Indonesia, English]

You can also write in your own language.

PLEASE TAKE ACTION AS SOON AS POSSIBLE UNTIL: August 28, 2021

Please check with the Amnesty office in your country if you wish to send appeals after the deadline.

NAME AND PRONOUN: [Syamsul Bahri and Samsir] (he/him/them)

LINKTO PREVIOUS UA: https://www.amnesty.org/en/documents/asa21/3903/2021/en/