

URGENT ACTION

HUMAN RIGHTS DEFENDER ILL-TREATED IN SOLITARY

Between 15 and 19 November 2020, Egyptian security forces arrested Mohamed Basheer, Karim Ennarah, and Gasser Abdel-Razek, senior staff at the Egyptian Initiative for Personal Rights (EIPR), a leading independent human rights NGO. They are arbitrarily detained pending investigations into “terrorism” and other unfounded charges, solely in retaliation for EIPR’s human rights work. EIPR Executive Director Gasser Abdel-Razek is being held in solitary confinement in cruel and inhuman conditions at the Liman Tora Prison.

TAKE ACTION:

1. Write a letter in your own words or using the sample below as a guide to one or both government officials listed. You can also email, fax, call or Tweet them.
2. [Click here](#) to let us know the actions you took on **Urgent Action 166.20**. It’s important to report because we share the total number with the officials we are trying to persuade and the people we are trying to help.

Public Prosecutor Hamada al-Sawi

Office of the Public Prosecutor
Madinat al-Rehab
Cairo, Arab Republic of Egypt
Fax: +202 2577 4716
Twitter: [@EgyptJustice](#)

Ambassador Yasser Reda

Embassy of the Arab Republic of Egypt
3521 International Ct NW, Washington DC 20008
Phone: 202 895 5400 | Fax: 202 244 5131
Email: embassy@egyptembassy.net
Twitter: [@EgyptEmbassyUSA](#)
Salutation: Dear Ambassador

Dear Counselor,

Between 15 and 19 November, Egyptian security forces arrested three senior staff of the Egyptian Initiative for Personal Rights (EIPR), Mohamed Basheer, Karim Ennarah and Gasser Abdel-Razek. They are arbitrarily detained at the Tora Prison Complex, pending investigations into “terrorism” other unfounded charges. Amnesty International considers them to be prisoners of conscience, detained solely in relation to their organization’s peaceful human rights work.

Amnesty International is particularly concerned about the poor conditions of detention which EIPR Executive Director and father-of-two Gasser Abdel-Razek is forced to endure. Since his transfer to Liman Tora Prison, one of the facilities in the Tora Prison Complex, he has been held in solitary confinement in a cold cell, without a mattress, sufficient bedding or warm clothes. He is denied any time outside his cell, including for exercise. All his personal belongings have been confiscated. Prison authorities also completely shaved his head, an extraordinary move for detainees held in pre-trial detention, raising further fears over the discriminatory and punitive measures to which he is being subjected in prison. Prison authorities are also preventing him from purchasing basic necessities from the prison canteen.

The latest retaliation campaign began after EIPR held a human rights briefing with 13 western diplomats at its office on 3 November. Another EIPR staff member, Patrick George Zaki, has been arbitrarily detained since February 2020. The Egyptian authorities have targeted EIPR and other civil society groups for years, including through criminal investigations as part of the so-called “Case 173”.

I urge you to immediately and unconditionally release Mohamed Basheer, Karim Ennarah, Gasser Abdel-Razek and Patrick George Zaki and drop all investigations against them. Pending their release, they should be granted access to their families, lawyers and any medical care they may require and be protected from torture and other ill-treatment, including prolonged solitary confinement. I also urge you to end criminal investigations against human rights NGOs, including by closing “Case 173”.

Yours sincerely,

**AMNESTY
INTERNATIONAL**



ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

On 15 November, a heavy armed security force arrested Mohamed Basheer from his home and detained him incommunicado at a security facility of the National Security Agency (NSA) for 12 hours, where he was questioned while blindfolded without a lawyer about EIPR's work including the recent meeting with diplomats. He was then transferred to the Supreme State Security Prosecution (SSSP), which ordered his pretrial detention for 15 days. On 18 November, security forces arrested Karim Ennarah from the beach resort of Dahab, South Sinai, where he was on vacation. They seized his phone, laptop and other belongings and detained him incommunicado at an undisclosed location for 24 hours before bringing him before the SSSP, where he was questioned about his work including on conditions of detention and the death penalty. On 19 November, security forces arrested Abdel-Razek from his home in Cairo. Hours later, he was questioned by the SSSP, who ordered his pretrial detention for 15 days. On 23 November, he was questioned again by the SSSP before being returned to prison, where he is held in solitary confinement. Amnesty International [has previously documented cruel and inhuman](#) detention conditions in small and dark cells used to hold detainees with political profiles in solitary confinement with the apparent aim of punishing criticism of the authorities, which in some cases amounted to torture.

Prosecutors detained all three in Case 855/2020 pending investigations on charges of "joining a terrorist group", "spreading false news" and "misusing social media". Mohamed Basheer was also questioned about "committing a crime of funding terrorism". The three of them were added to Case No. 855/2020 SSSP, which involves investigations over unfounded terrorism-related charges against prominent detained human rights defenders and journalists, including [Mahienour el-Masry](#), [Mohamed el-Baqer](#), [Solafa Magdy](#) and [Esraa Abdelfattah](#). Amnesty International has extensively [documented](#) how the SSSP use prolonged pre-trial detention over unfounded terrorism related charges to detain opponents, critics and human rights defenders for months and years without trial.

Patrick George Zaki, an EIPR gender rights researcher, remains detained pending investigations by the SSSP over unfounded "terrorism"-related charges since his arrest in February 2020. On 22 November, his pre-trial detention was extended by another 45 days. Ambassadors from Germany, France, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, Italy, the Netherlands, Spain, and Switzerland as well as Chargés d'Affaires of Canada, Norway, and Sweden, the deputy ambassador of the United Kingdom and representatives from the European Commission in Cairo attended the meeting at EIPR's premises on 3 November. Diplomats and the EIPR shared [photos](#) of the meeting on social media on 8 November. Officials at the NSA and SSSP prosecutors questioned the detained EIPR staff about their work including the meeting with diplomats.

This campaign is the latest in a string of attacks on NGOs since the 2011 raid and prosecution of staff from five international organizations, known as [Case 173](#), or Egypt's "foreign funding case". In 2013, 43 foreign and Egyptian staff were convicted on charges of operating unlawfully and receiving foreign funding without authorities and sentences to prison terms. In a retrial, [a Cairo Criminal Court](#) acquitted all defendants in 2018, but criminal investigations under "Case 173" continue against local civil society groups. As part of the case, EIPR's founder Hossam Bahgat has been under a travel ban since 2016 and his assets have been frozen. At least 30 other human rights defenders are banned from travel and nine have their assets frozen.

The Egyptian Initiative for Personal Rights (EIPR) was founded in 2002. The organization uses research, documentation, legal aid, strategic litigation and advocacy in its work on civil liberties, economic and social rights and criminal justice. Its work includes reporting on the rights of religious minorities in Egypt, documenting sectarian violence, representing members of the LGBT+ community facing prosecution and advocating on mental health law. EIPR is one of the few human rights organizations working on environmental justice in Egypt. EIPR's recent work included [publications](#) on the alarming rise in executions in Egypt in recent months, on the need to ensure equitable access to COVID-19 vaccines; and on the protection of survivors and witnesses of sexual violence.

PREFERRED LANGUAGE TO ADDRESS TARGET: Arabic or English

You can also write in your own language.

PLEASE TAKE ACTION AS SOON AS POSSIBLE UNTIL: 19 January 2021

Please check with the Amnesty office in your country if you wish to send appeals after the deadline.

NAME AND PRONOUN: Karim Ennarah (He/him), Gasser Abdel-Razek (He/him), Mohamed Basheer (He/him)