

URGENT ACTION

JAILED DUAL NATIONAL DENIED DENTAL CARE

Dual British-Iranian national and retired engineer, Anoosheh Ashoori, is serving a lengthy prison sentence after a grossly unfair trial that relied on torture-tainted “confessions” to convict him of “cooperating with a hostile state against the Islamic Republic” and obtaining “illicit funds”. He is being denied transfer to a dental facility outside prison for the specialized care he urgently needs.

TAKE ACTION:

1. Write a letter in your own words or using the sample below as a guide to the government official listed below. You can also email, fax, call or Tweet them.
2. [Click here](#) to let us know the actions you took on **Urgent Action 66.20**. It's important to report because we share the total number with the officials we are trying to persuade and the people we are trying to help.

Head of Judiciary Ebrahim Raisi

c/o H.E. Majid Takht Ravanchi

Permanent Mission of the Islamic Republic of Iran

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Dear Mr. Ebrahim Raisi,

British-Iranian retired engineer Anoosheh Ashoori, aged 66, is held in Tehran's Evin prison after being sentenced to 12 years' imprisonment in September 2018 following a grossly unfair trial. He was convicted of “cooperating with a hostile state against the Islamic Republic”, an overly broad and vague charge that contravenes the principle of legality and obtaining “illicit funds”. He has denied both charges. In July 2019, his conviction and sentence were upheld by a higher court on appeal. Under Iran's sentencing guidelines, he is required to serve 10 years in prison. Anoosheh Ashoori filed a request for judicial review in February 2020, which is pending before the Supreme Court.

Following the outbreak of COVID-19 in Iran's prisons, Anoosheh Ashoori has been held in a room with 12 others in conditions he described to his family as “unhygienic” with insufficient access to sanitizing items, masks and gloves. Anoosheh Ashoori has several medical conditions and takes regular medication for cholesterol and prostate-related health concerns. According to the World Health Organization, some people are at particular risk of severe illness or death from contracting COVID-19, including older people and those who have underlying medical conditions. Prior to his detention, Anoosheh Ashoori had extensive dental work done including surgeries on his gums, which require ongoing specialized dental care unavailable in prison. Despite this, prison authorities have refused to transfer him to a specialist dental facility.

Anoosheh Ashoori, who lives in the UK, was arrested on 13 August 2017 during a visit to Tehran. According to his family, he was held in solitary confinement during his first six weeks of detention, interrogated without access to a lawyer and taunted with threats to his family. He told his family he was forced to sign “confessions” under torture and other ill-treatment, including sleep deprivation and prolonged solitary confinement. Anoosheh Ashoori was denied the right to adequate defense and the right to access a lawyer of his choosing. Between January and July 2018, the judge presiding over his case rejected all six lawyers he had selected and would only permit a state-appointed lawyer.

I urge you to quash the conviction and sentence against Anoosheh Ashoori and release him unless he is charged with an internationally recognizable offense and tried in accordance with international fair trial standards. Pending this, I urge you to ensure he urgently receives any medical care he needs including specialized dental care that is not available in prison.

Yours sincerely,

AMNESTY
INTERNATIONAL



ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Anoosheh Ashoori was visiting his mother in Tehran when he was arrested by ministry of intelligence agents on 13 August 2017 on a street near his mother's home. He says that upon ascertaining his identity, four men in plain clothes forced him into their car, ordered him to put on a blindfold and drove him to an unknown location. Later that same day, intelligence agents took him to his mother's house to collect his mobile telephone, computer, wallet and passports before transferring him to Evin prison. The next day, he was allowed a brief telephone call to his mother to inform her about his detention. He was then held incommunicado for several weeks in section 209 of Evin prison, which is under the control of the ministry of intelligence. There, he was held in solitary confinement for over six weeks until 25 September 2017 and interrogated repeatedly without a lawyer present. He said that during questioning his interrogators warned him that his family in the UK was under surveillance by Iranian intelligence agents. He also told his family that his interrogators forced him to sign multiple documents, including "confessions", under torture and other ill-treatment. Anoosheh Ashoori recounted to his family not being allowed to sleep some nights following entire days of gruelling interrogations. Instead, his interrogators would give him 50 blank pages at midnight, order him to fill them by 8 am with all possible scenarios of why he was detained, and threaten him that he would face consequences for failure to do so. In the morning, he would be taken back for interrogation. According to his wife, during his period, he attempted suicide twice and went on a 17-day hunger strike in protest against his unlawful detention.

From 25 September to 21 November 2017, Anoosheh Ashoori was moved multiple times to different sections of Evin prison. He described being held in overcrowded, inhumane and unhygienic conditions; having to sleep on the floor; and being denied regular access to washing and toilet facilities. On 21 November 2017, he reported being taken out of Evin prison to a detention facility on the outskirts of Tehran believed to be under the control of the Revolutionary Guards, where he was held for two weeks and interrogated again without access to a lawyer. He has informed his family that during questioning, his interrogators told him that he was being filmed for "training" purposes and threatened to kill him "without a trace". He also reported that his interrogators questioned him about payments he had received for his engineering-related consultancy work prior to his retirement, which the authorities alleged he obtained "illicitly". On 5 December 2017, he was returned to Evin prison, where he remains. Anoosheh Ashoori has raised concerns about the lack of appropriate measures taken in prison to prevent the spread of COVID-19, including inadequate measures in place to ensure incoming detainees do not carry the virus inside prison and to treat and care for those who have developed COVID-19 symptoms inside prison.

On 17 September 2018, Anoosheh Ashoori was sentenced to 10 years' imprisonment for "cooperating with a hostile state against the Islamic Republic", a charge based on Article 508 of the Islamic Penal Code, and two years for allegedly obtaining 33,000 euros in "illicit funds", which he must pay to the state upon release. This conviction followed a grossly unfair trial before Branch 15 of the Revolutionary Court in Tehran where he was denied the right to a lawyer of his choosing. According to the documents viewed by Amnesty International, the court relied on incriminating statements and "confessions" in its verdict, which Anoosheh Ashoori said were coerced and obtained under torture. Branch 36 of the Court of Appeal in Tehran upheld his conviction and sentence in July 2019. During his appeal, his lawyer was denied adequate time and facilities to prepare his defence. According to his family, his lawyer was first granted access to his casefiles one hour before the second and final hearing. Under Iran's sentencing guidelines, he has to serve the lengthiest single sentence imposed for the most serious charge, which in his case is 10 years for the charge of "cooperating with a hostile state against the Islamic Republic". After his sentence was upheld, the spokesperson for Iran's judiciary, Gholam-Hossein Esmaili, announced on 27 August 2019 that Anoosheh Ashoori was sentenced to 10 years' imprisonment for "spying" and two years for obtaining "illicit funds". He alleged that Anoosheh Ashoori had been "connected to Israel's Mossad spy agency" and had "relayed a lot of intelligence" to Mossad about Iran. A number of Iranian laws include vague and broadly worded provisions for certain offences, in particular those related to national security, contrary to the principle of legality enshrined in Articles 9 and 15 of the International Covenant for Civil and Political Rights, to which Iran is a party. International human rights bodies have noted that arrest and detention based on laws that are vague or overly broad may be arbitrary under international law and standards. (For more information, [click here](#)).

PREFERRED LANGUAGE TO ADDRESS TARGET: Persian, English

You can also write in your own language.

PLEASE TAKE ACTION AS SOON AS POSSIBLE UNTIL: 23 July 2020

Please check with the Amnesty office in your country if you wish to send appeals after the deadline.

NAME AND PRONOUN: Anoosheh Ashoori (him/he)