URGENT ACTION

**ACTIVISTS HELD INCOMMUNICADO FOR MONTHS**

**Activists Zhang Zhongshun and Dai Zhenya and former human rights lawyer Ding Jiaxi were all taken into police custody on 26 December 2019, following their participation in an informal meeting with other lawyers and activists earlier that month. Accused of “inciting subversion of state power”, the three are being held in an unknown location. Without access to their families and lawyers of their choice, there are grave concerns that they are at risk of torture or other ill-treatment.**

**TAKE ACTION:**

1. Write a letter in your own words or using the sample below as a guide to one or both government officials listed. You can also email, fax, call or Tweet them.
2. [Click here](https://www.amnestyusa.org/report-urgent-actions/) to let us know the actions you took on ***Urgent Action 20.20****.* It’s important to report because we share the total number with the officials we are trying to persuade and the people we are trying to help.

**Zhao Feng**

Director of Yantai City Public Security Bureau

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Yantai Shi, Shandong Sheng 264003

People’s Republic of China

**Ambassador Cui Tiankai**

Embassy of the People's Republic of China

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Email: [chinaembpress\_us@mfa.gov.cn](mailto:chinaembpress_us@mfa.gov.cn)

Salutation: Dear Ambassador

Dear Director Zhao,

I am writing to express my concern for Dai Zhenya, Zhang Zhongshun and former human rights lawyer Ding Jiaxi, who were all taken away by police on 26 December 2019 following an informal gathering with other lawyers and activists in Xiamen earlier that month.

The families of the three men have said they have not yet received any official documents in relation to the detentions. According to Ding Jiaxi’s wife, the police have only verbally informed the family that Ding had been detained.

Your bureau has reportedly denied all requests by the three men’s lawyers to meet with them because the men are accused of “endangered state security” by “inciting subversion of state power”.

The three have been placed under residential surveillance at a designated location. Denied any access to their families and a legal counsel of their choice, the three men are at serious risk of torture and other ill-treatment.

I call on you to immediately and unconditionally release Dai Zhenya, Ding Jiaxi and Zhang Zhongshun, unless there is sufficient credible and admissible evidence that they have committed an internationally recognized offense and are granted a fair trial in line with international standards; and ensure that pending their release, Dai, Ding and Zhang are not subjected to any torture or other ill-treatment and have regular and unrestricted access to a lawyer of their choice and are able to communicate with family members, without interference unless justified in line with international human rights law.

Yours sincerely,

**Additional information**

Dai Zhenya, Ding Jiaxi and Zhang Zhongshun were actively involved in the New Citizens Movement, a grassroots political, cultural and social network that peacefully advocated for greater government transparency, the rule of law and an end to corruption. The authorities began targeting the movement in a crackdown during 2013 and 2014.

Dai Zhenya was deeply involved in assisting dissidents in detention. As a member of the New Citizens Movement, he also called for the disclosure of public officials’ assets. Ding Jiaxi is a former human rights lawyer who advocated for the rights of migrant workers’ children and called for government transparency. On 18 April 2014, he was sentenced to three and a half years for “gathering a crowd to disrupt order of a public place”. His lawyer’s license was subsequently revoked. Zhang Zhongshun is a former lecturer at Yantai University in Shandong. In 2008, he was sentenced to three years’ imprisonment for “using a heretical organization to subvert the law”” after playing a video related to the Tiananmen crackdown in 1989.

Dai Zhenya, Ding Jiaxi and Zhang Zhongshun were among the many lawyers and activists who joined the informal gatherings held in Xiamen in December 2019. Since 26 December 2019, police across the country have been summoning or detaining participants of the Xiamen gathering.

Another activist, human rights lawyer Chang Weiping, was taken away by police officers on 12 January 2020. State security officers told his wife that Chang was under residential surveillance at a designated location for “endangering state security” and that his lawyer license had been revoked. Chang was subsequently released on 21 January. According to media reports, other lawyers including Huang Zhiqiang, Liu Shuqing, Zhuang Daohe and Lu Siwei were summoned temporarily by police for “inciting subversion of state power” or “picking quarrels and provoking troubles”.

On 31 December 2019, police also raided the home of Xu Zhiyong, a prominent legal scholar and founder of the New Citizens Movement. They confiscated his safe, letters and books. Xu’s partner Li Qiaochu was detained for 24 hours by the police from Beijing Haidian District for “picking quarrels and provoking trouble”. During her detention, police interrogated Li about Xu’s whereabouts. Police also refused to give her adequate medical care. Since her release, Li Qiaochu has been under heavy surveillance. Xu Zhiyong, together with lawyer Yang Bin and Yang’s family, was taken away by police in Guangzhou at approximately 6 pm on 15 February. Yang Bin and his family were later released, but Xu is still in police custody.

Apart from Dai, Ding and Zhang, activist Li Yingjun has also been put under residential surveillance for inciting subversion of state power.

“Residential surveillance in a designated location” is a measure that, under certain circumstances, enables criminal investigators to hold individuals for up to six months outside the formal detention system in what can amount to a form of secret incommunicado detention. When held without access to legal counsel of their choice, their families or others, suspects placed under this form of “residential surveillance” are at risk of torture and other ill-treatment. This form of detention has been used to curb the activities of human rights defenders, including lawyers, activists and religious practitioners. Activists and human rights defenders continue to be systematically subjected to monitoring, harassment, intimidation, arrest and detention.

**PREFERRED LANGUAGE TO ADDRESS TARGET:** Chinese or English

You can also write in your own language.

**PLEASE TAKE ACTION AS SOON AS POSSIBLE UNTIL:** 30 March 2020

Please check with the Amnesty office in your country if you wish to send appeals after the deadline.

**NAME AND PRONOUN: Dai Zhenya (he/him), Ding Jiaxi (he/him), Zhang Zhongshun (he/him)**