URGENT ACTION

INDEPENDENT JOURNALIST IMPRISONED FOR A YEAR

Independent journalist Daler Sharipov was found guilty of trumped up charges of “inciting religious discord” by a court in Tajikistan on 16 April and sentenced to one year in prison. He is a prisoner of conscience, convicted solely for exercising his right to freedom of expression, and must be released immediately and unconditionally. He remains at risk of torture and of contracting COVID-19 in detention.

TAKE ACTION:

1. Write a letter in your own words or using the sample below as a guide to one or both government officials listed. You can also email, fax, call or Tweet them.
2. Click here to let us know the actions you took on Urgent Action 17.20. It’s important to report because we share the total number with the officials we are trying to persuade and the people we are trying to help.

President of Tajikistan, Emomali Rahmon
Executive Office of the President
Due to postal restrictions caused by COVID-19, please only send physical mail to the Embassy
Email: info@mts.tj
Online form: http://www.president.tj/en
Twitter: @EmomaliRahmon

Ambassador Farhod Salim
Embassy of the Republic of Tajikistan
1005 New Hampshire Avenue NW, Washington DC 20037
Phone: 202 223 6090 I Fax: 202 223 6091
Email: tajikistan@verizon.net
Twitter: @FarhodSalim
Salutation: Dear Ambassador

Dear President,

On 16 April Shohmansur District Court in Dushanbe convicted independent journalist Daler Sharipov of “inciting religious discord” under Article 189 of the Criminal Code. The court found him guilty of publishing and unofficially disseminating a hundred copies of his dissertation on Islam and sentenced him to one year in prison.

Throughout his career as a journalist, Daler Sharipov has covered various matters of public interest, including human rights violations and religious freedom. Many of his publications have been critical of government policies. I am concerned that his arrest, prosecution and conviction are retribution for his critical publications and his journalistic work. He has not committed any recognizable criminal offense, and he has exercised his right to freedom of expression.

Daler Sharipov continues to be at real risk of torture and other ill-treatment while in detention and he faces health risks. In 2019, the UN Human Rights Committee expressed serious concerns that decades of government reform initiatives had failed to address the routine and pervasive use of torture in detention in Tajikistan. The Committee also recommended that the government urgently address chronic overcrowding in places of detention, poor sanitary facilities and lack of adequate medical care. Such conditions make prisoners highly vulnerable to COVID-19. Michelle Bachelet, the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights, has urged all governments to release “every person detained without sufficient legal basis, including political prisoners, and those detained for critical, dissenting views to avoid catastrophic rates of COVID-19 infections”.

I urge you to take all necessary steps to ensure that Daler Sharipov is released immediately and unconditionally, as he is a prisoner of conscience jailed solely for exercising his right to freedom of expression. In the meantime, please ensure that Daler Sharipov and all others imprisoned in Tajikistan are protected against torture and other ill-treatment and have access to adequate medical care and to healthcare provisions necessary for testing, prevention and treatment of COVID-19.

Yours sincerely,

AMNESTY INTERNATIONAL
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Daler Sharipov is a well-known journalist in Tajikistan who used to work for the independent newspaper Ozodagon, until its closure in 2019 after years of harassment by the authorities. On 28 January Daler Sharipov was detained by officers of the State Committee for National Security (SNCS) for allegedly “inciting religious discord” under Article 189 of the Criminal Code. On 30 January he appeared at Ismoili Somoni District Court in Dushanbe, which placed him in pre-trial detention for two months. On 1 February the Prosecutor General’s Office issued a statement accusing Daler Sharipov of publishing “extremist” articles on religious matters and alleged that he was linked to a banned extremist organization.

His lawyer was initially denied access to him which prompted concern about torture. Over the years, the work of the SNCS, in whose custody he was at the time, has been marred by numerous allegations of abusive practices and serious human rights violations, including the use of torture and other ill-treatment.

On 30 March the Prosecutor General’s Office concluded its investigation and handed the case file to the court. The trial opened on 15 April at Shohmansur District Court in Dushanbe. It was open to the public, but the judge restricted numbers in the court-room because of social distancing precautions due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The prosecutor asked for Daler Sharipov to be sentenced to two years and four months in prison in relation to a hundred copies of dissertation discussing Islam and extremism, which he had published and distributed unofficially. The court convicted him on 16 April and sentenced him to one year in prison, that were reduced to nine months because of time already served in pre-trial detention.

His lawyer has said that during his closing statement in court Daler Sharipov rejected the charge against him but admitted that he might have made mistakes in the dissertation on which the judge based his verdict. His lawyer also told journalists that Daler Sharipov does not want to lodge an appeal against his sentence.

Article 189 of the Criminal Code, under which Daler Sharipov has been convicted, uses a very broad definition of “extremism” and is often used by the government against its critics, including lawyers, political activists and journalists. It carries a prison sentence of up to 12 years. Those imprisoned under Article 189 have included two prisoners of conscience. Khairullo Mursaidov, an independent journalist, currently in exile, was detained on 5 December 2017 after publishing an open letter addressed to the President of Tajikistan detailing charges, and recommended that the government impose some measures to mitigate the risk of COVID-19 spreading, such as shutting the borders and closing all detention facilities to visitors.

The authorities are denying that there are any cases of COVID-19 in Tajikistan. Nevertheless, they have been imposing some measures to ensure the effective protection of independent journalists and media workers against any form of intimidation and refrain from using civil and criminal provisions, including the provisions on extremism, as well as other regulations, as a tool to suppress critical reporting on matters of public interest.

In 2019 the UN Human Rights Committee expressed its concern about “Harassment of independent journalists and media workers for critically reporting on State policies and on other matters of public interest, including through [...] prosecutions on allegedly trumped-up charges”, and recommended that the authorities of Tajikistan “[e]nsure the effective protection of independent journalists and media workers against any form of intimidation and refrain from using civil and criminal provisions, including the provisions on extremism, as well as other regulations, as a tool to suppress critical reporting on matters of public interest.”

In 2019 the UN Human Rights Committee recommended that the government of Tajikistan urgently address conditions in detention with regard to the treatment of prisoners, harsh punishment regimes, overcrowding, poor sanitary facilities, as well as the lack of adequate medical care. Such conditions encourage the spread of infectious disease and make prisoners particularly vulnerable to COVID-19.

PREFERRED LANGUAGE TO ADDRESS TARGET: Tajik, Russian.
You can also write in your own language.

PLEASE TAKE ACTION AS SOON AS POSSIBLE UNTIL: 3 June 2020
Please check with the Amnesty office in your country if you wish to send appeals after the deadline.

NAME AND PRONOUN: Daler Sharipov (he/him)