

URGENT ACTION

CHARGES AGAINST ACTIVIST MUST BE DROPPED

The trial against Yana Antonova, a human rights defender from Krasnodar, southern Russia, started on 7 November. She has been targeted for her peaceful activism and charged under the “undesirable organizations” legislation. If convicted, she will face up to six years in prison.

TAKE ACTION:

1. Write a letter in your own words or using the sample below as a guide to one or both government officials listed. You can also email, fax, call or Tweet them.
2. [Click here](#) to let us know the actions you took on **Urgent Action 154.19**. It's important to report because we share the total number with the officials we are trying to persuade and the people we are trying to help.

Yuriy Yakovlevich Chaika

Prosecutor General of the Russian Federation
Prosecutor General's Office
ul. B.Dmitrovka, d.15a
125993 Moscow GSP- 3
Russian Federation
Fax: +7495 987 58 41/ +7495 692 17 25

Ambassador Anatoly Antonov

Embassy of the Russian Federation
2650 Wisconsin Ave. NW, Washington DC 20007
Phone: 202 298 5700 | Fax: 202 298 5735
Email: rusembusa@mid.ru
Twitter: [@RusEmbUSA](https://twitter.com/RusEmbUSA)
Facebook: [@RusEmbUSA](https://www.facebook.com/RusEmbUSA)
Instagram: [@RusEmbUSA](https://www.instagram.com/RusEmbUSA)
Salutation: Dear Ambassador

Dear Prosecutor General,

I am concerned about the prosecution of woman human rights defender from Krasnodar, Yana Antonova. The charge of “cooperating” with an “undesirable organization” has been brought against her solely for her peaceful activism. She has not committed any recognizable criminal offense, and this charge should be dropped, and the criminal proceedings against her closed immediately.

Yana Antonova has been targeted via criminal prosecution since 29 March 2019, when her house was searched, and she was taken to the Investigative Committee for questioning. On 22 May, she was officially charged under article 284.1 of the Criminal Code for “cooperating” with an “undesirable organization” on account of her past involvement with the Russian movement Open Russia, which brought together people interested in activism including promotion of human rights, rule of law and government accountability. The movement was never registered as an organization and it ceased to exist in March 2019. Yana Antonova has also lost her job, and other members of her extended family have faced harassment by Russian law enforcement agencies in connection with the criminal proceedings against her.

By prosecuting Yana Antonova for her peaceful activism, the Russian authorities are in violation of their obligations under international human rights law, including in relation to the rights to freedom of expression and association, and the right to a fair trial. I call on you to take all necessary steps to ensure that the criminal prosecution of Yana Antonova stops, and that she is not persecuted for her activism.

Yours sincerely,

AMNESTY
INTERNATIONAL



ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The “undesirable organizations” law has made it a punishable offense to take part in any activities of a foreign organization designated by the Office of the Prosecutor General as “undesirable” (and the relevant “crime” has been added into the Russian Criminal Code). Under this law’s vague language, an organisation can be arbitrarily designated “undesirable” if it “poses a threat” to the country’s “constitutional order, defence potential or state security”. Such a decision effectively outlaws any activities by, or any cooperation with, the “undesirable” organisation in Russia. The law, adopted in May 2015, is part of the Russian authorities’ ongoing crackdown on freedom of association and expression (see details here: <https://www.amnesty.org/en/documents/eur46/2223/2015/en/>). It has been used arbitrarily to banish a number of foreign organisations from Russia, most of them civil society funders.

On [26 April 2017](#), the Prosecutor General’s Office declared “undesirable” three organisations, the UK-based Open Russia and Open Russia Civic Movement, and the US-based Institute of Modern Russia, which was followed by the authorities’ crackdown against activists of the Russia-based, unregistered Open Russia movement. On 18 January 2019, police filed a case against the-then Open Russia local coordinator in Krasnodar, Yana Antonova, for posting a video about the shortage of schools in the region. The video bore Open Russia’s logo, which became the grounds for her being accused of “participation in the activities of an undesirable organization”. By law, in the first instance, association with an “undesirable organisation” is an administrative offence. When “committed” for the second time, this is a criminal offence punishable by up to six years of imprisonment.

In May 2019, a criminal case was opened against Yana Antonova. This was the third instance when the Russian authorities have opened a criminal case against an individual under the “undesirable organizations” law. [In January 2019](#), the first-ever criminal case, under the respective Article 284.1 of the Criminal Code, was opened against Anastasia Shevchenko, also on account of her association with the Open Russia movement. The criminal case against Anastasia Shevchenko is still being investigated, and in the meantime she remains under house arrest. Anastasia Shevchenko is a prisoner of conscience prosecuted solely for attempting to exercise her rights to freedom of expression and association.

Yana Antonova is not under arrest, but the investigation against her has been concluded and the trial in her case began on 7 November. The verdict in her case may be delivered within several days or weeks.

PREFERRED LANGUAGE TO ADDRESS TARGET: Russian, English.

You can also write in your own language.

PLEASE TAKE ACTION AS SOON AS POSSIBLE UNTIL: 23 December 2019

Please check with the Amnesty office in your country if you wish to send appeals after the deadline.

NAME AND PRONOUN: Yana Antonova (she/her)