URGENT ACTION

**OVER 130 PEOPLE REMAIN IN DETENTION**

**After one year and a half since the beginning of the crisis in Nicaragua, at least 130 people continue detained, among them is Maria Guadalupe Ruiz Briceño (22), a student imprisoned after she participated in a July 2019 protest. We urge the Nicaraguan authorities to immediately release and drop all charges of those detained solely on the grounds of their exercise of the right to freedom of expression and peaceful assembly.**

**TAKE ACTION:**

1. Write a letter in your own words or using the sample below as a guide to one or both government officials listed. You can also email, fax, call or Tweet them.
2. [Click here](https://www.amnestyusa.org/report-urgent-actions/) to let us know the actions you took on ***Urgent Action 82.19****.* It’s important to report because we share the total number with the officials we are trying to persuade and the people we are trying to help.

**Daniel Ortega Saavedra, President of Nicaragua**

c/o Minister for Foreign Affairs

Del cine González 1 c. al Sur,

sobre Avenida Bolivar,

Managua, Nicaragua

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**Ambassador Francisco Obadiah Campbell Hooker**

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Salutation: Dear Ambassador

Dear President Ortega,

I write to express my concern about the continued persecution and criminalization strategy in Nicaragua. After one year and a half since the beginning of the crisis, at least 130 people continue imprisoned, including the student María Guadalupe Ruiz Briceño, who was detained with violence by the police on July 2019 right after participating in a protest.

I urge you to immediately release and drop all charges against those detained solely for exercising their right to freedom of expression and peaceful assembly since, in accordance with international standards.

Yours sincerely,

**Additional information**

On 18 April 2018, after years of institutional decline in Nicaragua, protests broke out following the government’s attempt to implement unpopular and non-consulted social security reforms. These protests were met with violent repression. According to the Inter-American Commission on Human Rights, the crisis has resulted in the deaths of 328 people and more than 2,000 injuries. Moreover, civil society figures establish that more than 700 have been arrested. Besides, 300 health professionals were dismissed; 144 students have been expelled from the UNAN (National Autonomous University of Nicaragua). About 80,000 Nicaraguans have fled to neighbouring countries, 68,000 of them are seeking refuge in Costa Rica until August 2019, according to the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees. Over 100 journalists and media workers have been forced into exile.

The Government has failed so far to fulfil its commitment, made in March 2019, to release all people detained solely for exercising their right to freedom of expression and peaceful assembly since 18 April 2018. According to information from the Nicaraguan Initiative of Women Human Rights Defenders (Iniciativa Nicaraguense de Defensoras de Derechos Humanos) and the Legal Defence Unite (Unidad de Defensa Jurídica), Maria Guadalupe (22), student and activist, was detained with violence on 13 July 2019 and authorities have not duly comply with due process standards.

On 16 May 2019, Eddy Montes (57) a Nicaraguan and U.S. citizen, was shot dead at La Modelo prison in Managua. He and others who were injured were arrested for participating in the 2018 protests. An Amnesty Law was approved by the National Assembly of Nicaragua on 8 June 2019, following this approval, 56 people were released on 11 June 2019.

In the report [*“Instilling terror”*](https://www.amnesty.org/en/documents/amr43/9213/2018/en/)*,* Amnesty Internationalconcluded that one of the central plank of this repressive policy was the Nicaraguan state's persistent efforts to criminalize opponents, referring to anyone who protested against the government as “terrorists” or “coup plotters” to justify its own violent actions. Since then, protests have continued demanding substantial change to the status quo. One year and a half after the beginning of the crackdown on protests, Amnesty International continues to receive reports of arbitrary detentions and torture of persons deprived of their liberty. Civil society organizations whose legal status was cancelled by the government (including the Nicaraguan Centre for Human Rights - CENIDH) remain unable to freely carry out their work in the country, and the harassment of journalists and human rights defenders continues. Attacks against freedom of expression and peaceful assembly indicate ongoing strategy to supress dissenting voices.

**PREFERRED LANGUAGE TO ADDRESS TARGET:** Spanish

You can also write in your own language.

**PLEASE TAKE ACTION AS SOON AS POSSIBLE UNTIL:** 29 November 2019

Please check with the Amnesty office in your country if you wish to send appeals after the deadline.

**NAME AND PRONOUN:** People in jail after more than a year and a half since the beginning of the crisis (They, them, theirs); María Guadalupe Ruiz Briceño (she/her/hers).

**LINK TO PREVIOUS UA:** <https://www.amnesty.org/en/documents/amr43/0953/2019/en/>

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