

# URGENT ACTION

## NATIONAL GUARD HARASSES MIGRANT SHELTER

Since the National Guard was deployed in Mexico with a new role addressing migration-related issues, Amnesty International has seen concerning behaviors that could put at risk the rights of migrants, refugees, asylum seekers and human rights defenders. On 23 June, 6 officers attempted to raid, without warrant or legal cause, the migrant shelter CAME, in the northern state of Sonora, and harassed human rights defenders working there. It is urgent to put a stop to a situation that threatens the rights of people working at and being protected by migrant shelters across the country.

### TAKE ACTION:

1. Write a letter in your own words or using the sample below as a guide to one or both government officials listed. You can also email, fax, call or Tweet them.
2. [Click here](#) to let us know the actions you took on **Urgent Action 93.19**. It's important to report because we share the total number with the officials we are trying to persuade and the people we are trying to help.

#### Andrés Manuel López Obrador

Presidente Constitucional de los Estados Unidos Mexicanos  
Palacio Nacional Edificio 10, Planta baja  
Colonia Centro, Delegación Cuauhtémoc  
CP 06060 Ciudad de México, México.  
Twitter: [@lopezobrador](#)

#### Ambassador Martha Bárcena Coqui

Embassy of Mexico  
1911 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Washington DC 20006  
Phone: 202 728 1600  
Email: [mexembusa@sre.gob.mx](mailto:mexembusa@sre.gob.mx) Twitter: [@Martha\\_Barcena](#)  
[@EmbamexEUA](#)  
Facebook: [@EmbamexEUA](#) Instagram: [@embamexeua](#)  
Salutation: Dear Ambassador

Dear Mr. President,

I have been made aware that on 23 June 2019, six elements of the National Guard attempted to raid, without warrant or legal cause, the migrant shelter Centro de Atención al Migrante Exodus (CAME) in Agua Prieta, Sonora state. They also harassed the human rights defenders working there.

I urge you to order the immediate removal of the National Guard of duties related to migration and to ensure the protection of all rights of migrants and asylum seekers in Mexican territory and of the human rights defenders that keep them safe.

Sincerely,

**AMNESTY**  
**INTERNATIONAL**



## ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

On 30 May 2019, US President Trump announced that the United States would impose a 5% tariff on all goods coming from Mexico unless the flow of migrants arriving to the United States' southern border decreased. This provoked a series of bilateral negotiations that continue to date in which the United States continues to threaten an increase in tariffs in coming months if the flow of migrants arriving at the US-Mexico border does not decrease.

In days following the US President's announcement, Mexican authorities have implemented a series of measures aimed at deterring migrants and asylum seekers to enter through Mexico's southern border, including the mass detention and deportation of at least 400 migrants, in violation of Mexican and international law.

On 6 June, the Mexican government deployed 6,000 National Guard elements to its southern border to respond to the entry of migrants and asylum seekers.

Local media also reported that over 15,000 elements of different security forces including national Guard were deployed across the Mexico/US border to stop people from reaching and crossing the border.

The government has publicly confirmed that the National Guard can detain undocumented immigrants at Mexico's northern and southern borders to reduce the migration flow and turn them in to the National Institute of Migration (INM).

This is not the first time that Human Rights Defenders are questioned or even criminalized for the work they do in Mexico. We are concerned that this may increase in Mexico as we see the practice of criminalization of migrant human rights defenders becoming more common in the USA.

According to the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), an estimated 400,000 to 500,000 people enter irregularly through Mexico's southern border each year, and at least half of these people could need international protection as refugees. Many of these people come from El Salvador, Honduras and Guatemala, some of the most dangerous countries in the world, given the situations of violence and lack of government protection in their countries.

**PREFERRED LANGUAGE TO ADDRESS TARGET:** Spanish or English

**PLEASE TAKE ACTION AS SOON AS POSSIBLE UNTIL: 15 August 2019**

Please check with the Amnesty office in your country if you wish to send appeals after the deadline.

**NAME AND PRONOUN: Migrant Rights Defenders, (They, them, theirs)**

**LINK TO PREVIOUS UA:** <https://www.amnesty.org/en/documents/amr41/0626/2019/en/>