# **URGENT ACTION**

## LABOR ACTIVISTS HELD IN SECRET DETENTION

Wei Zhili and Ke Chengbing, both editors of labor rights news and advocacy website "New Generation" (*xinshengdai*), have been held in incommunicado detention since March 2019. Their detention comes amid a crackdown across China on students and activists advocating for worker's' rights. Denied access to a lawyer of their choice, they are at grave risk of torture and other ill-treatment.

#### TAKE ACTION:

- 1. Write a letter in your own words or using the sample below as a guide to one or both government officials listed. You can also email, fax, call or Tweet them.
- 2. <u>Click here</u> to let us know the actions you took on *Urgent Action 37.19*. It's important to report because we share the total number with the officials we are trying to persuade and the people we are trying to help.

#### Song Yiyang

Director of Shenzhen City Pingshan District Public Security Sub-Bureau 1 Longping Lu, Pingshan Qu, Shenzhen, 518118 People's Republic of China Email: <u>shenzhendaily@szpsq.gov.cn</u>

#### Ambassador Cui Tiankai

Embassy of the People's Republic of China 3505 International Place NW, Washington DC 20008 Phone: 202 495 2266 I Fax: 202 495 2138 Email: <u>chinaembpress\_us@mfa.gov.cn</u> Salutation: Dear Ambassador

#### Dear Director Song,

I am writing to express my concern about the ongoing incommunicado detention of Wei Zhili and Ke Chengbing who were first taken away from their homes by police on 20 March 2019. Prior to their detention, the activists used the online platform "New Generation" (xinshengdai) to publish information about cases of migrant workers from Hunan Province who had contracted occupational lung disease, while also helping them to defend their rights and lodge labor rights complaints to the authorities.

On 26 and 27 March, Shenzhen City Ping Shan Public Security Sub-bureau informed the families that Wei and Ke were criminally detained on suspicion of "picking quarrels and provoking trouble" in Shenzhen City No. 2 detention center. Three weeks later however, the police notified the family that they had been transferred to residential surveillance at a designated location.

Family members of the two activists have also been facing pressure from the police to dismiss their lawyers and remain silent about their cases. Wei Zhili's wife, Zheng Churan, is a well-known feminist activist who has relentlessly campaigned for Wei's release. Facing continued harassment, Zheng's WeChat accounts have been deleted and she has been evicted by her landlord. Denied access to legal counsel of their choice, their families or others, Wei Zhili and Ke Chengbing are at serious risk of torture and other ill-treatment.

Therefore, I call on you to immediately and unconditionally release Wei Zhili and Ke Chengbing unless there is sufficient credible and admissible evidence that they have committed an internationally recognized offense and are granted a fair trial in line with international standards; ensure that Wei Zhili and Ke Chengbing are not subjected to any torture or other ill-treatment and have regular and unrestricted access to a lawyer of their choice and are able to communicate with family members, without interference unless justified in line with international human rights law; and end all harassment against family members of Wei Zhili and Ke Chengbing.

Yours sincerely.





### **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

Wei Zhili and Ke Chengbing are editors of "New Generation" (*xinshengdai*), a website on monitoring and reporting the situation of rural migrant workers in China. New Generation also uses other mainland Chinese social media platforms to disseminate information about employment and labour laws and occupational safety and health. A lot of their recent work was focused on the plight of the workers from Hunan province who contracted silicosis due to lack of occupational health safety protection in the factories.

Wei Zhili has been committed to labour rights and feminist issues since he graduated from university in 2001. Upon his

university graduation, he worked in Hand-in-Hand Workers' Activity Centre (手牵手工友活动室) in Shenzhen providing legal advice, representation and organizing support to *workers. A blog by Tian Yu, who had tried to commit suicide while working at Foxconn,* a subsidiary of Taiwan's Hon Hai Precision Industry Company, the world's largest "contract manufacturer", *recalled that Wei Zhili was so attentive and kind and that he and a group of students had supported and accompanied her and her family to get through the hardest time of her life.* Wei Zhili was also previously threatened by police about his work on labour issues. In that incident, police reportedly told him and other labour activists that labour activism is "disturbing social order" and "speaking for workers is anti-Communist and counter-revolution".

Ke Chengbing aka "Laomu" (Old Wood) is one of the founders of "New Generation" (*xinshengdai*) and has worked for the organisation since then. He graduated in 2012 from Jinan University, where he has been active in grassroots human rights movement as a student activist. After graduation, he committed to worker's rights issues in South China, conducting investigative research on working conditions in Foxconn after a series of suicides of its employees.

Activists and human rights defenders continue to be systematically subjected to monitoring, harassment, intimidation, arrest and arbitrary detention. Police hold an increasing number of human rights defenders outside of formal detention facilities, sometimes without access to a lawyer for long periods, exposing the detainees to the risk of torture and other ill-treatment.

Since July 2018, China has arbitrarily detained and questioned dozens of student organisers, labour rights activists and factory workers in at least five cities in what appears to be intensified repression against the emerging labour movement in the country.

Over the years, China has made further efforts to reinforce its already oppressive internet censorship architecture. Thousands of websites and social media services are forced to censor their content, while some platforms such as Facebook, Instagram and Twitter are blocked. In addition, a number of citizen journalists and directors of local news outlets that publicise articles and information about human rights incidents in China have been detained and imprisoned.

#### PREFERRED LANGUAGE TO ADDRESS TARGET: Chinese, English.

You can also write in your own language.

#### PLEASE TAKE ACTION AS SOON AS POSSIBLE UNTIL: 6 September 2019

Please check with the Amnesty office in your country if you wish to send appeals after the deadline.

NAME AND PRONOUN: Wei Zhili (he/him), Ke Chengbing (he/him)

LINK TO PREVIOUS UA: https://www.amnesty.org/en/documents/asa17/0264/2019/en/