URGENT ACTION

ACTIVIST MISSING FOR OVER ONE MONTH

Activist Franklin Mowha, the president of the NGO Frontline Fighters for Citizens Interests (FFCI) went missing on 6 August during a mission in the southwest region of Cameroon. His friends and family have not heard from him since. They fear he might have been caught up in one of the frequent raids that the military conducts in the region and may have been subjected to enforced disappearance.

**Franklin Mowha** is a Cameroonian activist and president of the NGO Frontline Fighters for Citizen Interests (FFCI) based in Bamenda (northwest region of Cameroon). On 6 August, he left Douala, the economic capital of the country, to go on mission in Kumba, in the southwest region. He was working on documenting cases of internal displacement and lack of access to justice for victims of human rights violations in Kumba as a result of the ongoing fighting between the military and armed separatists.

His family and friends have not heard from him since the day he travelled to Kumba. They have searched for him without being successful. On 4 September, the family filed a report with the Prosecutor of Kumba to declare him missing. They are concerned that he may have been arrested amidst military operations in the area and subjected to enforced disappearance.

Since late 2016, Cameroon’s Anglophone regions have endured turmoil and violence in what has become a human rights crisis. The Cameroonian security forces have committed numerous human rights violations, including unlawful killings, destruction of homes, arbitrary arrests and torture during military operations conducted in the Anglophone regions. In addition, armed separatist groups calling for secession of Anglophone Cameroon regions from the rest of Cameroon and embracing an armed struggle, have carried out violent attacks against the Cameroonian security forces and state emblems, including schools, and as well as on ordinary people.

1) TAKE ACTION

Write a letter, send an email, call, fax or tweet:

* Calling on Cameroonian authorities to urgently conduct a thorough, transparent and effective investigation into the fate and whereabouts of Franklin Mowha and report any findings immediately to his family;
* Calling on the Cameroonian authorities to immediately end all secret detention and torture and respect human rights in the Anglophone regions.

Contact these two officials by 25 October, 2018:

President of the Republic, Paul Biya

Présidence de la République

Cabinet Civil

Cellule de Communication

Yaounde, Cameroon

Twitter: [**@**PR\_Paul\_BIYA](https://twitter.com/pr_paul_biya?lang=en)

Email: [cellcom@prc.cm](mailto:cellcom@prc.cm)

**Salutation: Dear President**

H.E. Ambassador Etoundi Essomba,

Embassy of the Republic of Cameroon

3007 Tilden Street NW, Suite 5M, Washington, DC 20008

Phone: 202 265 8790 I Fax: 202 387 3826

Email: [cs@cameroonembassyusa.org](mailto:cs@cameroonembassyusa.org)

Contact Form: <http://www.cameroonembassyusa.org/contact.html>

**Salutation: Dear Ambassador**

**2) LET US KNOW YOU TOOK ACTION**

[**Click here**](https://www.amnestyusa.org/report-urgent-actions/) to let us know if you took action on this case! *This is Urgent Action*

Here's why it is so important to report your actions: we record the actions taken on each case—letters, emails, calls and tweets—and use that information in our advocacy.

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## ADditional Information

The Anglophone regions of the Cameroon – in the country’s South-West and North-West - make up approximately 20% of the country’s population. Many of their grievances date back to the early 1960s, when these regions were included in the newly established, majority French-speaking, Republic of Cameroon.

Violence and unrest escalated in late 2016 after a series of strikes and protests against what teachers, lawyers and students viewed as further discrimination against the Anglophone regions. Between 22 September and 1 October 2017, large-scale protests were organized across the Anglophone regions to symbolically proclaim the independence of a new state of “Ambazonia.”

Cameroon’s military has responded to these protests with arbitrary arrests, torture, unlawful killings and destruction of homes. In one striking incident, satellite images and other photographic evidence obtained by Amnesty International show the complete destruction of the village of Kwakwa, which was burned to the ground by Cameroonian security forces during an operation conducted in December 2017 in connection with the killing of two gendarmes by suspected armed separatists.

People have been arbitrarily arrested and tortured while detained in secret, illegal detention facilities by security forces in their operations. For instance, at least 23 people, including minors, were arrested by the security forces in the village of Dadi on 13 December 2017 and spent three days in incommunicado detention. They told Amnesty International that during this time security forces tortured them to extract “confessions”, to force them to admit to having supported the separatists. Victims described being blindfolded and severely beaten with various objects including sticks, ropes, wires and guns, as well as being electrocuted and burnt with hot water. Some were beaten until they lost consciousness.

In addition, Amnesty International has documented how teachers and students have been targeted by separatists for not participating in a boycott of schools perceived by many as a symbol of how the English language and cultures in the Anglophone regions have been marginalized by the authorities.

Name: Franklin Mowha

Gender m/f: M

UA: 168/18 Index: AFR 17/9077/2018 Issue Date: 13 September 2018