

# URGENT ACTION

## ALLOW ENVIRONMENTAL ACTIVIST VISITS

**Dr. Ariel Ruiz Urquiola, an environmental activist, was sentenced in Cuba to one-year imprisonment for contempt. He is a prisoner of conscience and must be released unconditionally and immediately.**

**Ariel Ruiz Urquiola** is a doctor in biological sciences who previously worked as a researcher at the University of Havana. He is currently serving a year's sentence for contempt ("desacato") – a provision of the Cuban criminal law which is inconsistent with international law - for allegedly disrespecting two forest rangers.

According to his family, authorities returned Ariel Ruiz Urquiola to the Provincial Prison of Pinar del Río, from the Correctional Cayo Largo, after he initiated a hunger strike. His sister, Omara Urquiola, informed Amnesty International that while Ariel was in the correctional camp authorities did not permit him to communicate with her.

On 23 June, a group of Ariel's friends are planning to visit him to discuss his health. But it is unclear if authorities will permit the visit.

Ariel Ruiz Urquiola has a history of publically criticizing Cuban authorities in relation to environmental issues. The offence of "desacato" (article 144.1 of Cuba's Criminal Code) is an undue restriction on the right to freedom of expression, as public officials should tolerate more criticism than private individuals. The use of defamation laws with the purpose or effect of inhibiting legitimate criticism of government or public officials violates the right to freedom of expression.

### 1) TAKE ACTION

**Write a letter, send an email, call, fax or tweet:**

- Urging the authorities to immediately and unconditionally release Ariel Ruiz Urquiola as he is a prisoner of conscience, imprisoned solely for peacefully exercising his right to freedom of expression;
- Urging them to ensure that Ariel Ruiz Urquiola is allowed regular contact with his family and the outside world, as well as access to lawyers and medical care of his choosing.
- Urging them to provide Ariel Ruiz Urquiola with access to qualified health professionals providing health care in compliance with medical ethics, including the principles of confidentiality, autonomy, and informed consent.

### Contact these two officials by 3 August, 2018:

President of the Republic  
Miguel Mario Díaz-Canel Bermúdez  
Presidente de la República de Cuba  
La Habana, Cuba  
Fax: +41 22 758 9431 (Cuba Office in Geneva);  
+1 212 779 1697 (via Cuban Mission to UN)  
Email: [cuba\\_onu@cubamission.com](mailto:cuba_onu@cubamission.com) (c/o Cuban Mission to UN)

**Salutation: Dear President**

Ambassador José Ramón Cabañas,  
Embassy of Cuba  
2630 16th Street NW,  
Washington, D.C. 20009  
Tel: (202) 797 8518 OR (202) 797 8519  
Fax: (202) 797 8521  
Email: [cubaseccion@igc.apc.org](mailto:cubaseccion@igc.apc.org)  
Twitter: [@EmbaCubaUS](https://twitter.com/EmbaCubaUS)  
**Salutation: Dear Ambassador**

### 2) LET US KNOW YOU TOOK ACTION

[Click here](#) to let us know if you took action on this case! *This is Urgent Action 109.18*

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**AMNESTY  
INTERNATIONAL**



# URGENT ACTION

## ENVIRONMENTAL ACTIVIST IMPRISONED

### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

In 2015, Ariel Ruiz Urquiola bought a house in the Sierra del Infierno area, in Viñales' National Park, a UNESCO World Heritage site in the Pinar del Río province, western Cuba. After acquiring the right to farm the state land surrounding his house, in 2016 he started an environmental project with his family and friends to preserve local species and to develop sustainable agricultural projects.

On the morning of the 3 May 2018, two forest rangers (a national body in charge of the protection of "forest, wildlife and hunting") visited Ariel's land. According to witnesses who spoke with Amnesty International, they asked whether he had the corresponding permits for the construction of a fence around the land, for cutting trees, and for owning a chainsaw. Ariel invited them to come with him to the house to check the permits. On the way, Ariel asked the rangers to show him their identification and after one of them refused to do so, he referred to them as "rural police". That term was interpreted by the officials as "rural guards" which has a negative connotation in Cuba since it refers to officials from the Batista government. The rangers left the area and later in the evening three police officers came with a warrant, arrested and took Ariel to the nearby police Station in Viñales.

Based on the judicial documents that Amnesty International was able to review, Ariel was charged with contempt – or disrespecting the rangers - and sentenced on 8 May to one-year imprisonment (the maximum sentence under article 144.1 of the Criminal Code) by the Municipal Court of Viñales. The decision was confirmed on appeal by the Popular Provincial Court of Pinar del Río on 22 May. According to the family, Ariel's lawyer only had access to the casefile and to Ariel on the same day of the trial. He was first imprisoned at the Provincial Prison of Pinar del Río and on 11 June, the family was informed that he was transferred to the nearby Correctional Cayo Largo.

Ariel Ruiz Urquiola has a long history of environmental activism, but according to his family, does not identify as a political opponent of the government. In 2008, during his participation in an international seminar in Mexico as researcher of the University of Havana, he publicly expressed criticism against the alleged illegal fishing of sea turtles in Cuba. In 2009, the University's authorities suspended his work on sea turtles. Between 2010 and 2013, he continued his work at the University of Havana but switched his research to the study of fauna in the Sierra de los Órganos' area in the Pinar del Río province. After disagreement with management, he was first downgraded in his position and salary, and in 2016, he was dismissed from the University. Following his dismissal, Ariel publically criticized the decision saying his dismissal was "an abuse of power." The dismissal was confirmed by the Municipal Popular Court of Old Havana in a judgement in 2016.

Ariel Ruiz Urquiola's family believe that authorities have deliberately imprisoned him as reprisal for his environmental activism and as a strategy to deprive him of the state-owned land on which he runs his environmental project. Under national legislation, a user of state-owned land loses the right to use it after being absent from the land, meaning if Ariel is imprisoned for a year he stands to lose the right to cultivate the land.

Name: Doctor Ariel Ruiz Urquiola  
Gender m/f: m

Further information on UA: 109/18 Index: AMR 25/8660/2018 Issue Date: 22 June 2018