URGENT ACTION

HUMAN RIGHTS activist DETAINED IN MOROCCO

**On 5 April, Moroccan authorities arrested Zine El Abidine Erradi upon his arrival from France at Agadir airport in Morocco. He is a human rights defender with refugee status in France who was travelling to Morocco as an exceptional measure after the French authorities provided him with a travel document allowing him to go to Morocco without losing his refugee status in France.**

On 5 April, Moroccan authorities arrested Zine El Abidine Erradi, human rights activist from Sidi Ifni, Morocco, upon his arrival from France in Morocco at Agadir-Al Massira airport. Zine El Abidine Erradi holds refugee status in France. After his arrest, he was transferred to Sidi Ifni police station. On 6 April, the Public Prosecutor of the Court of Appeal in Agadir confirmed his arrest on the basis of a warrant issued in absentia in December 2014 by the same court. He is now held in Ait Melloul Local Prison, near Agadir, 160 kilometers far away from the southwestern city of Sidi Ifni, where his family lives. According to his family, he was sleeping on a slab in a cell with 17 other detainees, but as of 24 May he received a mattress. Zine El Abidine Erradi has been on hunger strike from 9 to 19 April to protest against his arbitrary detention. During the hunger strike he has been hospitalized twice.

Zine El Abidine Erradi was convicted in 2011 to 1 year prison term, and fined 5.000 dirhams (around US$522) for his participation in the public protest of the 20 February movement in Sidi Ifni on trumped-up charges including violence and insults to public officers and destroying public properties. But he has not served the sentence and the authorities did not issue an arrest warrant until 2014. Zine El Abidine Erradi fled from Morocco in 2015 to claim asylum in Europe, fearing prosecution because of his human rights work. In July 2017, he obtained his refugee status and 10 years residence in France. On 5 April, he was travelling to Morocco as an exceptional measure to visit his family after his father’s death, after the French authorities provided him on 27 March with a travel document allowing him to go to Morocco without losing his refugee status in France.

Zine El Abidine Erradi was previously subjected to politically-motivated imprisonment in Morocco. He is a founding member of the association Ifni Memory and Rights in Sidi Ifni and member of Moroccan Association for Human Rights in Paris. Before leaving Morocco, he was arrested twice and prosecuted three times for his work in defense of human rights.

1) TAKE ACTION

Write a letter, send an email, call, fax or tweet:

* Drop all charges against Zine El Abidine Erradi and immediately and unconditionally release him, as he is held solely for his peaceful work in defense of human rights;
* Ensure that, while detained, he has access to an independent health professional providing health care in compliance with medical ethics, including the principles of confidentiality, autonomy, and informed consent;
* Grant his safe return to France.

Contact these two officials by 4 July, 2018:

Director of General Administration for Prison Administration and Reinsertion

Mohamed Saleh Tamek

Angle Avenue Arar et rue El-Jouz

Hay El Riyad, Rabat, Morocco

Fax: + 212 5 37 71 26 19

**Salutation: Dear Director**

Ambassador H.H. Princess Lalla Joumala Alaoui,

Embassy of the Kingdom of Morocco

1601 21st St. NW, Washington DC 20009

Phone: 202 462 7979 I Fax: 202 462 7643

Email: [moroccointheUS@maec.gov.ma](mailto:moroccointheUS@maec.gov.ma)

Salutation: Dear Ambassador

**2) LET US KNOW YOU TOOK ACTION**[Click here](https://www.amnestyusa.org/report-urgent-actions/) to let us know if you took action on this case! *This is Urgent Action 76.18*

Here's why it is so important to report your actions: we record the actions taken on each case—letters, emails, calls and tweets—and use that information in our advocacy.

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## ADditional Information

## Zine El Abidine Erradi is a member of the Moroccan Association for Human Rights (Association marocaine des droits humains, AMDH) in Paris a prominent human rights group, a co-founder of AMDH in Sidi Ifni as well as a founding member of the association Ifni Memory and Rights in Sidi Ifni. A Moroccan court dissolved the association in 2015, partly on grounds that it threatened Morocco’s “territorial integrity” by asserting the rights and cultural specificity of Sidi Ifni’s population. In 2011, he took part in some actions in solidarity with the 20 February movement, which called for reform in Morocco, inspired by similar movements for change in the region. The protests were mainly peaceful.

Zine El Abidine Erradi had been previously arrested two times in Morocco and had three different cases against him for his work defending human rights.

After his first arrest in Sidi Ifni in 2008, in 2009 the Court of Appeal in Agadir convicted him to one year and a half of prison term, which he served in full, and 6 months suspended prison term, in relation to his engagement in the popular movement in Sidi ifni on charges including “violent and unauthorized demonstration”, “civil disobedience” and “insult to a government official”.

In October 2012, he was arrested again only days after meeting the UN Special Rapporteur on torture, Juan Méndez, in Laayoune, and after he took part to a peaceful protest for employment in the port of Sidi Ifni. He reported being ill-treated in police custody and coerced to sign the interrogation report without letting him read it.

The Court of First Instance in Tiznit subsequently convicted him on charges including participation in an unauthorized protest and obstructing a public road during a previous protest and sentenced him to ten months prison term, reduced to six months on appeal, which he served in full. In late 2015, the Court of Cassation rejected the appeal, restoring the initial prison sentence.

In a separate case in 2011, he was accused of violent protest relating to demonstrations in Sidi Ifni and convicted to 1 year prison term and fined 5.000 dirhams (around US$ 522) on trumped-up charges including violence and insults to public officers and destroying public properties. An arrest warrant was issued against him in absentia in December 2014 and the arrest was enforced on 5 April 2018 upon his return to Morocco.

# Zine El Abedine earlier this year requested for the French authorities to allow him to travel to Morocco without losing his refugee status in France in order to visit his family, after his father died few weeks earlier. On 27 March, the French prefecture issued the travel document, enabling him to go to Morocco for 3 months. However, the document does not guarantee him safety in Morocco. For more information see *Shadow of Impunity – Torture in Morocco*, a report in which Zine El Abidine Erradi testified his experience(<https://www.amnesty.org/en/documents/mde29/001/2015/en/>).

Name: Zine El Abidine Erradi

Gender m/f: m

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