URGENT ACTION

Egypt: Stop Crackdown against lgbti individuals

The number of individuals arrested by Egyptian authorities for their perceived sexual orientation has risen to 76, with at least 32 individuals sentenced to prison. Meanwhile, the Egyptian parliament is debating a new draft law which would criminalize by law same-sex relationships if adopted.

According to the Egyptian Initiative for Personal Rights, the number of individuals arrested for their perceived sexual orientation has risen from 57 to at least 76 since the display of the rainbow flag at a Mashrou’ Leila concert in Cairo, the capital, on 22 September. So far, 69 individuals remain in detention and 32 of them have been sentenced to between six months and four years in prison, while the others are awaiting sentencing.

Currently, 67 members of parliament have signed a bill criminalizing “same-sex relationships” in Egypt. The bill is expected to be reviewed and discussed by parliament during its current session, and if approved it would be sent to the president for sign off. The law sets out penalties of up to 15 years imprisonment, depending on the number of charges and the provisions of law a person is convicted under.

Among other things, the bill prohibits the public promotion or advertising of any LGBTI gatherings or parties. The penalty set for such acts is up to three years imprisonment. The bill also includes a clause that obliges the authorities to publicly name individuals convicted under the bill by publishing their names and sentences in two widely read national newspapers, thus fuelling the widespread stigma against people perceived to be gay.

Amnesty International considers anyone who is detained solely for their real or perceived sexual orientation or their gender identity a prisoner of conscience.

**1) TAKE ACTION**

**Write a letter, send an email, call, fax or tweet:**

* Immediately and unconditionally release all those detained on the basis of their real or perceived sexual orientation, quash the sentences of those already convicted and drop all charges;
* Immediately end all forced anal examinations on detainees as they amount to torture and or other ill-treatment and order a prompt, impartial and effective investigation into the examinations that have already taken place;
* Reject the new bill criminalizing “homosexuality” and any future legislation which fails to recognize and protect the rights of everyone, regardless of their real or perceived sexual orientation or gender identity, to freedom of expression and assembly, freedom from discrimination and equality before the law.

Contact these two officials by 21 December 2017:

Minister of Interior

Magdy Abdel Ghaffar

Ministry of Interior

Fifth Settlement, New Cairo, Egypt

Fax: +202 2794 5529 +2027927189

Email: center@iscmi.gov.eg OR E.HumanRightsSector@moi.gov.eg

Twitter: @moiegy

Ambassador Yasser Reda, Embassy of Egypt

3521 International Ct NW, Washington DC 20008

Fax: 202 244 4319 OR 202 244 5131

Phone: 202 895 5400

Email: embassy@egyptembassy.net

**Salutation: Dear Ambassador**

Salutation: Dear Minister

**2) LET US KNOW YOU TOOK ACTION**

[Click here](https://docs.google.com/forms/d/e/1FAIpQLSf3RUspces4lA9Gt7Fp9GiAcojCs6fnfFOTCLli3Su6c3S8ew/viewform) to let us know if you took action on this case! *This is Urgent Action 231.17*

Here's why it is so important to report your actions: we record the actions taken on each case—letters, emails, calls and tweets—and use that information in our advocacy.

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## ADditional Information

Up until now, the Egyptian authorities have relied on the Prostitution law no. 10 of 1961 to charge people suspected of engaging in same-sex sexual activity with “habitual debauchery” – an offence punishable by up to three years in prison. The newly proposed bill is the first time the Egyptian legislations specifically defines “homosexuality”.

The move comes following the display of the rainbow flag at a Mashrou’ Leila concert in Cairo, the capital, on 22 September, after which Egyptian authorities launched a crackdown on LGBTI individuals in Egypt. The authorities have carried out at least five forced anal examinations of those arrested, which constitutes a breach of the absolute prohibition of torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment under international law. Security forces also detained two people who had allegedly raised the flag at the concert, and arrested people, unrelated to the flag incident, from different districts in Cairo, Ismalia, Damietta and Sharm al-Sheikh based on their perceived sexual orientation. The authorities also used online dating platforms to trap and arrest those they suspected of being gay. Among those currently being questioned is one woman, Sara Hegazy.

The 67 individuals detained face charges that include “habitual debauchery”, “inciting debauchery”, and “promoting sexual deviance”. Sara Hegazy and another man have received the same charges in addition to “belonging to a banned group”. These charges can carry prison sentences of up to 15 years under the penal code and the law on prostitution. Sara Hegazy told the prosecutor who questioned her that she was beaten and sexually harassed by her cell mates in the Saida Zenab police station in Cairo after the security forces there informed her cellmates that she was charged with “habitual debauchery”.

The incident of displaying the rainbow flag at the concert provoked a public outcry from local media that called for those involved in displaying the flag to be brought to justice. Following the smear campaign from local media, Egypt’s public prosecutor announced an investigation into the promotion of “habitual debauchery” and “homosexuality” on 25 September. He further ordered state security prosecutors to open investigations against those who raised the flag.

The Supreme Media Council also issued a statement banning all media outlets from showing support, solidarity, or sympathy to LGBTI people and called on all media outlets to raise awareness against the “habitual debauchery” and LGBTI people, who it stated “do not fit in the Egyptian society traditions or culture” and that “this LGBTI phenomena must come to an end”.

Lawyers and NGOs in Egypt told Amnesty International that the numbers of persons detained for their perceived sexual orientation following the 22 September incident is most likely higher, but given the high rate at which the arrests are being carried out it is difficult to produce an accurate number.

This is the worst campaign of state-sanctioned homophobia in Egypt’s recent history but is not an isolated incident. In 2001 the authorities carried out a mass raid on the Queen Boat, a floating nightclub on the Nile, arresting 52 people. 23 men were subsequently convicted under the Prostitution law. According to the Egyptian Initiative for Personal Rights, in the past four years and before the events of the past week, the authorities have arrested and prosecuted around 250 men for their perceived sexual orientation.

Name: Sara Hegazy (f) and all others detained and/or prosecuted for their perceived sexual orientation

Further information on UA: 231/17 Index: MDE 12/7410/2017 Issue Date: 09 November 2017