

URGENT ACTION

STOP ILL-TREATMENT OF HUMAN RIGHTS DEFENDER

Prisoner of conscience and human rights defender, Nabeel Rajab, appeared before the Court of Appeal on 25 October for the second time to appeal against his two year prison sentence for interviews he gave between 2015 and 2016. That same day he was transferred to Jaw prison and subjected to ill-treatment.

On 25 October, prisoner of conscience and human rights defender, **Nabeel Rajab**, appeared before the Court of Appeal for the second hearing in his appeal. The next hearing date was set for 8 November. Later the same day, he was transferred from the Ministry of Interior hospital in al-Qalaa, where he was recovering from surgery, back to Jaw prison, about 30km south of Manama, the capital of Bahrain. On arrival at the prison, Nabeel Rajab's hair was forcefully shaved, he was subjected to an invasive body search and his books and clothes were confiscated. That night, while Nabeel Rajab was sleeping, the prison guards raided his cell and carried out another invasive body search on him while shouting at him. He is held in the same cell where he had spent an earlier two years sentence between 2012 and 2014.

Nabeel Rajab's family received a call from the Criminal Investigation Directorate (CID) requesting that they collect his clothes as he would no longer need them and were informed that a family visit will not be scheduled until mid-December.

Nabeel Rajab was convicted and sentenced to two years in prison on 10 July for "disseminating false news, statements and rumours about the internal situation of the kingdom that would undermine its prestige and status" with regards to TV interviews he gave in 2015 and 2016. His appeal began on 27 September. A second criminal trial against him, in relation to comments posted and retweeted on his Twitter account about the war in Yemen and allegations of torture in Jaw prison, is ongoing and the next hearing has been adjourned to 19 November by the High Criminal Court. If found guilty, Nabeel Rajab faces up to 15 years' imprisonment.

1) TAKE ACTION

Write a letter, send an email, call, fax or tweet:

- Calling on the Bahraini authorities to release Nabeel Rajab immediately and unconditionally as he is a prisoner of conscience, detained solely for peacefully exercising his right to freedom of expression;
- Pending his release, ensure that Nabeel Rajab is not subjected to torture or other ill-treatment; has regular access to his family, lawyers of his choice, and adequate medical care;
- Urging them to uphold the right to freedom of expression and repeal laws that criminalize the exercise of the rights to freedom of expression, association, and peaceful assembly, including Article 216 of the Penal Code.

Contact these two officials by 8 December, 2017:

King
Shaikh Hamad bin 'Issa Al Khalifa
Office of His Majesty the King
P.O. Box 555
Rifa'a Palace, al-Manama, Bahrain
Fax: +973 1766 4587
Salutation: Your Majesty

H.E. Ambassador Shaikh Abdullah bin Rashed bin Abdullah Al Khalifa,
Embassy of the Kingdom of Bahrain
3502 International Drive NW, Washington DC 20008
Phone: 1 202 342 1111 | Fax: 1 202 362 2192
Email: ambsecretary@bahrainembassy.org
Salutation: Dear Ambassador

2) LET US KNOW YOU TOOK ACTION

[Click here](#) to let us know if you took action on this case! *This is Urgent Action 294.14*

Here's why it is so important to report your actions: we record the actions taken on each case—letters, emails, calls and tweets—and use that information in our advocacy.

**AMNESTY
INTERNATIONAL**



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ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Nabeel Rajab is the President of the Bahrain Centre for Human Rights and a prominent human rights defender. He was arrested at around 5am on 13 June 2016 at his home in the village of Bani Jamra, west of the capital Manama, by 15 policemen in civilian clothing and taken to the Criminal Investigation Directorate (CID). The following day, he was taken to the Public Prosecution Office, accused of "spreading false information and rumours in televised interviews with the aim of discrediting the State". On 26 June 2016, while in detention, Nabeel Rajab learned that he would stand trial on 12 July 2016 for comments he posted and retweeted on Twitter relating to the war in Yemen and allegations of torture in Jaw prison, charged with "spreading false rumours in time of war", "insulting public authorities [the Ministry of Interior]" and "insulting a foreign country. On 28 December 2016, the court ordered Nabeel Rajab's release. However, the authorities refused to release him and instead he was immediately re-arrested and taken into custody in relation to the investigation into TV interviews he gave in 2015 and 2016. His trial in relation to these interviews began on 23 January 2017 and concluded on 10 July with his conviction and sentencing to two years in prison.

Nabeel Rajab was held in solitary confinement for over nine months of his detention. At the beginning of April 2017 after suffering from complications following a surgery, he was transferred to the Ministry of Interior hospital in al-Qalaa where he remained until 25 October.

On 4 September 2016, an open letter was printed under Nabeel Rajab's name in the opinion pages of the New York Times which described the situation in Bahrain and his own trial, and urged the Obama administration to use its leverage to resolve the conflict in Yemen. The next day, the public prosecution interrogated and charged Nabeel Rajab with "spreading false news and statements and malicious rumours that undermine the prestige of the state" in relation to the article. No trial date for this case has yet been set. On 19 December 2016, an article was published in Nabeel Rajab's name in Le Monde. Two days later, he was interrogated at the CID, accused of "spreading false news and statements and malicious rumours that undermine the prestige of Bahrain and the brotherly countries of the Gulf Cooperation Council, and an attempt to endanger their relations". The case was referred to the public prosecution but it is unknown if he will be officially charged. On 12 September 2017, the Terrorism Prosecution interrogated Nabeel Rajab in connection with comments and an image posted on social media accounts running in his name in January 2017. An image of King of Bahrain with a Quranic verse asking whether he believed that "no one had power over him" was posted on an Instagram account in his name while comments on non-cooperation with national institutions and a call to protest against the 15 January execution of three men were posted on his Twitter account. He denied the charges of "incitement to hatred against the regime", "incitement to non-compliance with the law" and "spreading false news". The case has yet to be referred to trial and could be activated at any time.

In May 2014, Nabeel Rajab completed a two-year sentence in Jaw prison for taking part in an "illegal gathering", "disturbing public order", and "calling for and taking part in demonstrations" in Manama, "without prior notification" between January and March 2012. A travel ban was imposed on him in November that year. He also served part of a six-month prison sentence between April and July 2015 for "publicly insulting official institutions", in relation to two tweets he posted on 28 September 2014 that were considered offensive to the Ministries of Defence and Interior. He was released on 13 July 2015 on medical grounds after he received a royal pardon. His November 2014 travel ban was lifted in August 2015, only for his lawyers to learn that a new one, which remains in place, had been imposed on 13 July 2015.

Name: Nabeel Rajab
Gender m/f: m

Further information on UA: 294/14 Index: MDE 11/7354/2017 Issue Date: 27 October 2017